WEEKLY REPUBLICAN.

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LOCAL NEWS.

TEETH, $8—Hoskins & Moore, dentists.

THE Pana fair association has re-elected its old board of directors.

THE rate of taxation for 1891 on the one hundred dollars is $0.69.

A PERSISTENT, systematic raid on the Decatur gambling rooms is booked.

MOULTRIE County has nineteen divorce cases on the docket for the November term of court.

ABEL'S CARPET HOUSE is closing out remnants of carpets, oil cloth and wall paper at less than value. ol9dawlm

ONE thousand five hundred people attended the Endeavor meeting in Peoria Friday and Saturday.

THE price of the Chicago *Daily News* has been increased from one to two cents when sold outside of Chicago.

H. A. BRIGGS and family have removed from Macon to Rockford, where Mr. B. has a position in a railroad office.

A MARRIAGE license was issued to-day to Charles E. Weakley, of Decatur, and Miss Mary M. Peck, of LaPlace.

ILLINOIS farmers tell of enormous yields of corn. Some fields are reported as having produced 100 bushels to the acre.

THE court house committee yesterday ordered that Contractor Moses be paid $3,000. This is the third payment, making a total of $26,500.

THE Knights of Labor now have 200,000 members. The expenditures of the past year were $102,464, and the balance in the treasury is $10,263.

M. COHNEAU, aged 77 years, the well-known traveling man for a St. Louis cigar house, died last week in Chicago. He leaves two daughters who reside in Brooklyn, N. Y.

AT the last regular meeting of the Cerro Gordo Building and Loan Association something over $2,000 was auctioned off at premiums ranging from 15 21 per cent. The Association is now in its sixth year.

THE S. W. Johns stock sale on the farm near Creamo has been postponed until Thursday, Nov. 23. The rain of yesterday kept the people away, although nearly 200 were present to enjoy the free lunch. Remember the new date, Nov. 23.

THE Lady Godiva must have had exceptionally long hair since it completely concealed her lovely person. Since Ayer's Hair Vigor came into use such examples are not so rare as formerly. It not only promotes the growth of the hair, but gives it a rich, silken texture.

HENRY MILMINE, formerly a salesman for Morehouse, Wells & Co., died of consumption in the West. His widow, who is a daughter of the late Rev. Barger, of DeWitt county, is in Chicago, employed in an art gallery, and her sister, Miss Nona Barger, is giving music lessons in that city.

WE HAVE A SPECIAL ROOM for Toilet Wares and show more sets and a greater variety of price than the "crockery" store. OTTO E. CURTIS & BRO.

WORK on the new church at Cerro Gordo, now being erected by the members of the M. E. Church, is being pushed along quite rapidly. The structure is to cost about $5,000 and will be dedicated some time in December. The money necessary for its erection was raised by private subscription, and to the pastor in charge, Rev. J. B. Martin, is the credit due.

JOHN MAGEE, formerly of this city, a son of Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Magee, is the proprietor and owner of a drug store located in Chicago at the entrance to Jackson Park. The stock is estimated at $8000. Recently he was offered $30,000 for his stock and lease by a responsible party. The advance is due to the World's Fair being located at Jackson Park. It is not known whether Mr. Magee will accept it or not.

Death.

At his home in Willow Branch Township, Piatt County, on Sunday morning occurred the death of Solomon Weltz, aged 66. Deceased was a former merchant of Cerro Gordo and well known in Piatt and Macon counties.

THE SILENT REAPER

Death of Walter W. Miller at His Home on Prairie Avenue.

From Wednesday's Daily.

Death entered the home of Rev. and Mrs. James Miller to-day and now their beloved second son, Walter W. Miller, is at rest, taken away in the 22d year of his age, just as he had arrived at man's estate. He passed away resignedly and peacefully at 9:20 a. m. at the family home, No. 328 Prairie avenue.

The deceased was born at Westfield, Ill., March 17, 1870, and was first taken sick a year and three weeks ago, at which time he contracted a severe cold which was followed by an attack of la grippe, and since then he has been suffering with the chills and a fever which baffled all treatment. At the time of his first sickness Walter was studying to become a pharmacist at Blaine's drug store, but he was forced to retire, going to Las Vegas, New Mexico, in November, 1890, and remaining there until last March, when he returned in improved health. Early in the spring he went to Spokane Falls, Wash., but the climate there did not agree with him and he returned to Decatur in June. Since his return he gradually grew weaker, and with the exception of drives about the city in a buggy with his devoted father on pleasant days he did not leave his home. He took his last drive a week ago. He had been confined to his bed four days continuously. He had realized for a month past that he could not survive and he was ready for the final summons. Those of the family who mourn his death are the father and mother, Geo. E. Miller, John T. Miller and Miss Hattie May Miller, brothers and sister, besides a host of personal friends and acquaintances who knew and sympathized with him in his affliction and hoped for his ultimate recovery. Walter was a member of the First M. E. church. Had he survived he would have become a useful and honored citizen.

The sympathy of the entire community will be extended the stricken family in their great sorrow—a bereavement which must visit every home.

A Horse on Him.

Last December a stone cutter, at work on the Presbyterian church, sought the aid of one of our attorneys in securing his final discharge papers as a member of (Co.) D 27th, Iowa Infantry. He told the attorney that he had not long before been released from the penitentiary where he had served a term for manslaughter or murder. His story was that the killing had been done in self defense. He gave his name as Geo. D. Lang which was perhaps not the name he went by in Decatur. He had left his discharge with the Sheriff of the county where he had been in jail. The attorney wrote the Sheriff asking the return of the papers but received no reply. Soon after Lang left the city. A few days ago Marshal Mason received a letter from an Iowa sheriff asking that Lang be arrested on the charge of horse stealing. It seems that after he had been released from the penitentiary he stole a horse and was arrested but managed by means of a skeleton key to get out of jail and escape. He came to Decatur and went on the job at the Presbyterian church. His departure from Decatur was no doubt due to the fact that after he got the attorney to write for his army discharge, it occurred to him that it would reveal his whereabouts to those who wanted him for horse stealing.

It is said that while Lang was in Decatur he was quite popular among a good class of people. He was gentlemanly in his bearing and a good conversationalist

Ministers.

Rev. J. W. Crane preached for Rev. Wood on Sunday at Long Creek and Mt. Zion.

Rev. S. B. Pond has resigned the rectorship of St. Matthew's Episcopal Church at Bloomington, to go to Leavenworth, Kan.

Rev. D. C. Marquise, of Chicago, has received a call to the pastorate of the Second Presbyterian Church at Bloomington.

Births.

To Mr. and Mrs. Harry Jimison, at 1182 East Sangamon street, November 7—a daughter; weight, 11 pounds.

To Mr. and Mrs. Al Schultz, on West King street, November 5—a son.

To Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Flemming, northeast of the city, November 6—a son.

To Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Cunningham, November 8—a son.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

A LUCKY DISCOVERY.

Novel Plan for Convicts to Break Out of Jail.

From Tuesday's Daily.

Sheriff Perl did not take the sentenced prisoners to Joliet last night. He will delay the journey a week or ten days. Why? Because 20 prisoners in custody attempted to escape from the jail last evening, or had laid their plans to "fly the coop" during the night, which was all the same to Perl. Luckily he discovered the game in time, and quietly changed his plans and remained at home to perform on the newly tuned parlor piano and keep an eagle eye on the jail birds. This was the way of it. During the day the prisoners managed by main force or filing to detach one of the heavy iron doors from one of the cells. It weighs nearly 200 pounds. This door the prisoners carried to a point near the front of the prison and hoisted it to a point about on a level with the floor of the landing of the second tier of cells. It was so fixed as to escape ordinary scrutiny. The plan was to wait until night, and then let the door drop at an angle on the stone floor below, crack a hole in the floor, and escape from the prison through the basement out of one of the basement windows or through the kitchen. But the misplaced door was discovered late in the evening and the scheme was exposed by one of the confiding jail birds who had no hand in the game but was quick to tell the story when the sharp eyes of the Sheriff and the turnkey checked the plans. Had the scheme been carried out there would have been a great surprise in store for the jail birds and possibly two or three cases of drowning. The point selected by the schemers to drop the door is directly over the jail cistern, which is eight feet in diameter walled up to the floor of the jail, and said cistern is nearly full of water. Had the opening been made, the prisoners in their eagerness to escape would have jumped down through the crack only to find themselves in eight feet of water with a thick wall all around and no means of escape from the cistern except up through the hole in the floor. Think of what might have been. Even the jail birds shiver as they imagine what might have been their fate, and they are glad now that their plans miscarried.

As a punishment for the attempted jail-break the Sheriff will keep the sentenced prisoners in custody a week longer. There are eight prisoners to be taken to Jolit, and one, Fleming, to be returned.

It is a common thing for the prisoners to make efforts to escape from the jail, but this last effort places all other attempts in the shade for novel originality.

Funeral of Peter Keister.

The funeral of the late Peter Keister took place Sunday forenoon at 11:30 o'clock at Boiling Springs Church. There was a very large number of relatives and friends in attendance. Rev. Hoover conducted the services. The pall-bearers were James Millikin, Geo. M. Wood, Charles Lewis, Sol. Williamson, V. Barber and George Schroll.

Peter Keister was born in York county, Pennsylvania September 13, 1813, and came to Illinois in 1850 settling close to the farm where he died, 4½ miles north of Decatur. He was a man of upright character beloved by all who knew him. The funeral was a very large one made up of those, who, by their presence, showed the appreciation in which the deceased was held as a man and a neighbor while living.

Going on a Hunt.

One week from to-day, Nov. 16, another hunting party will leave Decatur for the wilds of Missouri near Como. The party will include Supervisor W. C. Burley, of Oakley, Henry Howell, of Cerro Gordo, C. M. Durfee, W. H. Shorb, John Grass, W. D. Sproat, of Decatur, W. B. Sturgis, H. J. Hamblin, Mr. Bivans and another citizen of Shelbyville, and Mr. Stevenson of St. Louis. They will take with them four splendid tents and all necessary outfit for camping out. They will hunt bear, deer, turkey, and everything else in sight, and will be gone several weeks.

More Prizes.

Saturday the REPUBLICAN published a partial list of prizes to be offered by the Decatur Gun Club at their shoot on Thanksgiving Day. Since then Towne & Beik have donated a 25 pound sack of White Foam flour; Schoverling, Daily & Gales, of New York City, one double-action, 32 calibre, safety hammer revolver; Hazard Powder Co., Cincinnati, one 25-pound keg of special trap T. C. T. powder, and W. Fred. Quimby & Co., New York City, a fine hunting coat.

Died This Morning.

From Tuesday's Daily

The 2 weeks old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Rambo died this morning at 1:30 o'clock at the home of her parents at the corner of Locust and Clayton streets, of a congestive chill. The funeral will be held to-morrow afternoon at 3 o'clock from the residence.

IF your HORSE is Feverish, Coughing or Running at the nose, try FEVERINE. It will cure him. For sale by
Oct 15-w1m SWEARINGEN & TYLER.

BISHOP JOHN L. SPALDING.

Scholarly Lecture on "Christianity and Civilization" at the Grand.

Distinguished Divines in Attendance to Enjoy the Discussion.

The above is a good portrait of Rt. Rev. John L. Spalding, D. D., the distinguished Bishop of the Peoria Catholic Diocese, who spoke for an hour and twenty minutes at the Grand Opera House last evening on the subject of "Christianity and Civilization." The Bishop had been at Danville where on Sunday he consecrated the newly erected Catholic institutions — St. Patrick's School, St. Mary's Academy and St. Patrick's Church and parsonage—pictures of which buildings and of Bishops Spalding, Ryan and Dean O'Reilley appeared in the Danville *News* of Monday. He was accompanied by a number of clergymen to Ivesdale yesterday, where a class of 200 was confirmed, and last night he filled his engagement in Decatur. The Bishop was introduced by Father Mackin in a few words. Upon the stage were the following divines: Rt. Rev. James Ryan, Bishop of Alton; Very Rev. P. J. Mackin, of Decatur; Father McShane, of Chicago; Father Crow, of Mattoon; Father Higgins, of Taylorville; Father Stick, of Pana; Father M. E. Meakin, of Chicago; Father Lentz, of Bement; Father Dooling, of Wapella; Father Sweeney, of Dalton; Father Postken, of Danville, and Father Brennan, of this city. In the audience was a very large company of people, many of the Protestant churches being represented. The first floor was nearly filled, as was also the balcony.

Bishop Spalding was received with applause as he stepped to the front after the introduction. He spoke slowly at first and gradually became more animated until midway in the lecture, and on to the close his words came thick and fast and there were frequent flights of eloquence. The lecture in brief presented the conclusions of a student and scholar, and he carried conviction with every proposition advanced. He defined Christianity as the religion of Christ, and Civilization as the predominance of man's spiritual nature over his animal nature The more a man is developed intellectually and spiritually, the more civilization is advanced. Civilization in its real sense is only an evidence of man's spiritual development. Whatever tends to develop man's higher thoughts, whatever brings true conduct, honesty and higher imagination, tends to civilization. It is true that religion has been the great source of man's inspiration. It was true of the Greeks, of the Romans and the Mohammedans. * * * The christian religion in a certain way has revolutionized the world. To-day there are fourteen hundred million people on earth and the boundaries of christianity are the boundaries of civilization. The tribes of Africa and the Chinese are still on the outside. * * * Christianity has not accomplished all things, but the coming of Christ and the spread of His religion has radically changed the opinions, beliefs and ideas of men on important subjects. To-day the greatest idea of God with the people is the individual conception of what is beautiful and good. The teaching of the pulpit is that God's sympathy is with the perfection of the individual. Every man yearns to be good and just, to do right, and be in harmony with all of God's laws. To do wrong is to degrade and lower man. The great power of man is the power to do right.

The Bishop in a masterly manner traced the influence of christianity upon the nations of the earth, and then came down to the discovery by Columbus of America, where he declares the highest type of christianity prevails, a christianity which is steadily making its influence felt for general good on all Europe. He lauded the idea and work of Columbus, who would have been powerless to act but for the help of the monastery monk and the noble act of Queen Isabella in selling her jewels that Columbus might be fitted out with ships for his perilous journey across the Atlantic.

The closing portion of the address was a condensation of the principles of true religion, a presentation of the speaker's ideas of right living, and the importance of clinging close to the religion of Christ—be true and honest and upright at all times and to the most lowly man who has genius and talent, who seeks honors on earth, the crown will come. The Bishop gave Bob Ingersoll a slap. He said that Ingersoll in speaking on liberty and the home misled the young on questions of morality. He gave them fine rhetoric and let them soar with him, but he had nothing for the heart, and left them floundering in darkness.

The address commanded the fixed attention of the audience and was interrupted by applause. It was an intellectual treat to all present.

A SAD CASE.

Demented Mary McGinity Again in Custody.

From Tuesday's Daily.

Miss Mary McGinity, aged 20, daughter of the widow, Mrs. Hannah McGinity, of 1612 East Eldorado street, who has twice been an inmate of the State insane asylum at Kankakee, and was brought home two months ago incurable, is wild again, and is now in the custody of the authorities. She was very bad at her home last night, talking incessantly on various subjects, and so conducting herself as to keep the household in a state of alarm. Sheriff Perl was called to the house this morning to take Mary in charge. She was brought up town on the street car and then walked over to the jail. On the way the girl kept up a continual chatter and at the Brunswick Hotel corner she made a dart into the open door. Then the Sheriff and Marshal Mason took her by the arms and escorted her to the prison. In the woman's cell Mary kept up her talk, speaking familiarly of people and events in the city. One auditor tried to interrupt her, when in a complaining tone Mary ejaculated, "See how it is; I never yet met a man who could stand my gab," and then she went on talking with the rapidity of an electric motor with the trolley on, and gave no indication of becoming weary. With or without an audience she will talk. Mary will be transferred to the county asylum at the poor farm.

Mary is a sister of Peter McGinity, who while a patient at the Kankakee asylum was gored to death by a bull. The young girl's state is pitiable. She underwent an operation some months ago in the hope that that would balance her mind, but it did not. She is as bad as ever.

Death of J. D. Hildreth.

From Monday's Daily.

Jerome D. Hildreth, who had been a patient at St. Mary's Hospital for a number of weeks, died at that institution of pneumonia at 3:40 o'clock Sunday afternoon, November 8, in the 65th year of his age. Deceased was a native of Brattleboro, Vermont, and had resided in Illinois nine years, in Decatur nearly two years. In past years he resided in the south some time, being engaged as superintendent of cotton industries in Alabama. He was afflicted with asthma for many years. Mr. Hildreth leaves a widow who is now a patient at the hospital and cannot leave her room; a son, O. F. Hildreth, Illinois Central agent at Freeport and an adopted daughter, Mrs. Geo. E. Wetherell, of Hartford, Conn. He was a member of the Universalist church.

SOUP SETS—13 pieces for $2. You never saw them as nice for $5 in this city.
OTTO E. CURTIS & BRO.

IN HIS GRAVE.

Funeral of Harry Ogden at Janes Chapel Sunday Afternoon.

The mortal remains of Harry Ogden, son of Mrs. J. W. Johnson, killed on the night of November 5th at the Melhorn place, were consigned to the grave in Greenwood cemetery Sunday afternoon. The funeral services were held at Janes' Chapel beginning at 2:20 o'clock, in the presence of a great throng of friends of the family and of the deceased. The audience room was filled, as were also the rooms at the rear, the main aisle, the vestibule, and many stood at the open windows on the outside to hear the sermon and the singing. Upon the coffin at the altar were placed numerous floral tributes of massive size and beautiful design. Rev. J. T. Finley conducted the services, assisted by Rev. A. Bradshaw, who offered prayer. "Jesus, Lover of My Soul," was sung by the congregation, with organ accompaniment; also "Nearer My God." Rev. Finley first read an appropriate chapter from the Bible on the certainty of the immortal life, and delivered the sermon based on the sixteenth verse of the third chapter of St. John: "For God so loved the world that He gave His only begotten Son that whosoever believeth on Him should not perish but have everlasting life." It was a forcible and touching sermon to the living on the lesson of death which must come to us all *sooner* or later, closing with an appeal to all to turn to the Savior for salvation and peace while it is yet time. There was no reference to the manner of the death of young Ogden, simply the usual funeral service. The pallbearers were Joseph Goddett, James Carter, Luther Foster, Harvey Etherton, Edward Thayer and John Palmer. A sister of Mrs. Johnson, Mrs. Mary Romley, from near Evansville, Ind., was present. She arrived on Saturday.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Conrad Krentel, on Monday, November 2—a son.

C. N. Twaddell is in McPherson Kansas, attending his step father, who is very seriously ill.

Born, on Sunday, Nov. 8, to Mr. and Mrs. Charles Leonard, at 1023 East William street, a son.

Robert Oglesby is at Joplin, Mo., where he has become interested in lead and zinc mining operations.

K. Harwood will leave to-morrow for the West, going as far as California. He will be gone until Christmas.

Mrs. E. K. Strader left to-day for Leavenworth, Kansas, where she will visit her son, M. M. Strader, and family. Her son, E. J. Strader, accompanied her as far as St. Louis.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Myers, at 4 a. m. November 5, 1891, at the family residence, 505 South Water street, a daughter. Mr. Myers is the well-known Broadway grocer and is bearing up manfully as he receives the congratulations of his many friends.

Cards are out announcing the wedding of Miss Bessie M. Reeme, elder daughter of Mr. and Mrs. T. O. Reeme, to John B. Freeman, only son of Mr. and Mrs. John Freeman, of Mowequa, on Monday, November 16, at 7 o'clock p. m., at the home of the bride's parents, No. 554 West Main street.

DIED.

At the home of her sister, Mrs. Alfred Barnes, 815 West Marietta street, Nov. 7, of consumption, Miss Emma Brummell, in the 18th year of her age.

At the family home in Long Creek township, Sunday, Nov. 8, at 11 p. m., Mrs. Christina Booker, aged 78 years and 9 months.

The deceased leaves six grown children.

At the family residence, No. 336 East Wood street, Sunday, Nov. 8, at 5:45 p. m., Nettie Knox, wife of Jacob Knox.

The deceased was in her usual good health Saturday when she was up town. She was taken ill Sunday morning, and grew rapidly worse until death came.

Can't Cook as Mother Did!

How many a young wife's heart has been saddened by hearing the above remark! And yet how often the words are true; especially when cake, pastry or biscuit are in question! The reason is plain, yet it is "like telling a secret."

Our mothers used and are using Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder. They cannot be misled into using any of the ammonia or alum powders. No dyspepsia, no sallow complexions, when mother did the cooking.

The first symptoms of ammonia poisoning, says a New York paper, which appear among those who work in ammonia factories, is a discoloration of the nose and forehead. This gradually extends over the face until the complexion has a stained, blotched and unsightly appearance

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder is the only pure cream of tartar powder that contains the whites of eggs.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder is reported by all authorities as free from Ammonia, Alum, or any other adulterant. In fact the purity of this ideal powder has never been questioned.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

GET READY

For the Cold Wave.

Now is the Time to Buy Your Blankets and Comforts.

And the Best Place to make your purchase is at

THE

NEW STORE

Next to Millikin's Bank, on Water street.

75 pairs Gray Mixed Blankets, Extra Size, $1.00 per pair.

4 bales Comforts, worth $1.00, for 75c.

3 bales Comforts, worth $1.25, for $1.00.

3 bales Comforts, worth $1.50, for $1.25.

A good 11-4 Red Blanket, Extra size, worth $3.75, for $3.00 per pair.

5 pieces Heavy Twilled Medicated Red Flannel, worth 37½c, for 30c a yard.

A SPECIAL BARGAIN will be given in Misses' and Children's Gray Mixed Pants and Vests.

20 doz. Gray Mixed Drawers for Boys, from the age of 9 to 15 years, all sizes.

DON'T FORGET THE PLACE,

The New Store,

NEXT TO MILLIKIN'S BANK.

S. HUMPHREYS.

WE HAVE

"Got Them on the List."

Names of parties for whom Lytle & Eckels and THE LYTLE & ECKELS HARDWARE Co. have put in FURNACES since January, 1889:

Theron Powers, "
F. W. Green, "
F. M. Young, "
John Quinlan, "
Mrs. M. E. Mills, "
Chas. Murphy, "
Chas. T. Haigh, "
Mrs. Whitett, "
S. M. Irwin, "
G. P. Hardy, "
G. P. Blumo, "
Congregational Church, "
J. M. Dodd, "
Christian Church, Harrietown.
A. H. Cope, Decatur.
M. Troutman, "
W. M. Bundy, "
Mrs. R. O. Dumont, "
A. J. Stoutenborough, Maroa.
School Board, Town 4, Shelby county.
E. O. Smith, Moweequa.
C. P. Church, Bethany.
J. H. Culver, Decatur.
A. T. Summers, "
A. Shoemaker, "
J. H. Wilkinson, Bethany.
James A. Phillips, Decatur.
Anna B. Millikin Home, "
Cal Waggoner, "

LYTLE & ECKELS HARDWARE CO.

W. F. BUSHER'S

GENTS' CORK SOLES.
From $3.50 to $8.

Gents' Fine Dress Shoes.
From $2.00 to $7.50.

GENTS' PATENT LEATHER SHOES AND DANCING PUMPS, In All Sizes and Styles.

The Finest Ladies' Hand-Turned Shoes for $2.00.

All Ladies' and Children's Shoes from A to EE.

152 EAST MAIN STREET

Election Echoes.

The New York *Herald* says the New York Legislature will have a Republican majority of 2 in the Senate, and 10 in the House. This statement is made upon the showing of the latest returns.

The Legislature of Ohio according to latest returns will be close to 48 Republican majority on joint ballot.

The Iowa Legislature stands Republican by a safe and decisive majority.

The Massachusetts Legislature is strongly Republican in both branches.

This secures the country against the Michiganizing of any of these states by the designing Democrats.

The election in Kansas shows that the calamity party has been literally snowed under. Jerry Simpson's district in the county elections, which were held Tuesday, gives a Republican plurality of 20,000.

Russell's plurality in Massachusetts from latest returns has reached 6,868.

OHIO.

Official returns from all the eighty-eight counties except three, which are semi-official, have been received at the Ohio Republican State headquarters and give Major McKinley a plurality of 21,583. The official count of the State Canvassing Board may vary these figures slightly, but it is not probable that the total will not exceed or fall below the above figures more than 100 votes.

NEBRASKA.

Official returns have been received from thirty-nine of the ninety counties in the State showing a total vote of 35,828 for Post and 35,067 for Edgerton. The same counties last year gave Richards 36,905, Boyd 27,362, and Powers 38,197. Partial returns from the other counties in the State furnish the basis for a careful estimate of the result. This shows Judge Post's election over Edgerton by a majority of over 6,000.

PENNSYLVANIA.

Complete figures from every county in the State show a plurality of 58,889 for Gregg (Rep.) for Auditor-General and 53,764 plurality for Morrison (Rep.) for State Treasurer. The above computation is made from official returns in nearly all the counties and unofficial footings in the remainder.

IOWA.

Boise's plurality will reach at least 8,500.

Some Chicago Stock Notes.

There will be lots of warmed up cattle as a result of the timidity of cattlemen about full feeding corn.

Receipts of cattle at Chicago for the past ten months, 2,678,886 head, showing a decrease of 264,219 head compared with last year.

This year's receipts of cattle are so far the largest on record but one. It is about time for those who croak about Chicago "losing her grip" on the cattle trade to take a rest.

Ripe corn-fed cattle of good quality are selling well at $5 60 to $6.40, but when there are only two or three carloads out of a thousand carloads, any sensible person can see the danger of over estimating the quality of cattle in the country.

While the receipts of hogs for the past ten months—6,523,678—exhibit nearly 600,000 increase compared with the same period last year, the shipments have increased over 900,000, leaving the net supply for the ten months about 250,000 smaller than a year ago.

BLOOMINGTON *Pantagraph:* Thos who were so strenuous in their efforts in our last legislature to take the appointment of railway commissioners out of the hands of the governor and make them elective by the people cannot feel greatly encouraged over the condition of things in Iowa. There the commissioners are elected by the popular vote and both parties have made nominations. The chief scandal of the campaign is occasioned by the charge made that the railroads are bending their energies to secure the success of a certain candidate, supposed to be friendly to their interests, and are using money to carry their point. There is more heard just now in Iowa about the corrupt use of money by the roads to control the election of this one candidate than has been heard in Illinois in twenty years with regard to the appointment of commissioners.

A MAN who has practiced medicine for 40 years, ought to know salt from sugar: read what he says:

TOLEDO, O., Jan. 10, 1887.

MESSRS. F. J. CHENEY & Co.—Gentlemen: I have been in the general practice of medicine for 40 years, and would say that in all my practice and experience have never seen a preparation that I could prescribe with as much confidence of success as I can Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by you. Have prescribed it a good many times and its effect is wonderful, and would say in conclusion that I have yet to find a case of Catarrh that it would not cure, if they would take it according to directions. Yours truly,

L. L. GORSUCH, M. D.,
Office 215 Summit St.

We will give $100 for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by taking Hall's Catarrh Cure. Taken internally.
F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O.
☞Sold by all druggists, 75c.

GOV. CAMPBELL speaking of his defeat says:

The Democrats made the best fight they could in the face of a Republican majority of 11,000 to start on and the combined opposition of the manufacturers and capitalists. Besides all this it was a life and death struggle with the Republican party; to defeat Major McKinley, one of its national leaders, and the representative of its chosen idea of protection, meant the downfall and disintegration of the party itself. Party lines were closely drawn.

Remarkable Rescue.

Mrs. Michael Curtain, Plainfield, Ill., makes the statement that she caught cold, which settled on her lungs; she was treated for a month by her family physician, but grew worse. He told her she was a *hopeless victim of consumption* that no medicine could cure her. Her druggist suggested Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption; she bought a bottle and to her delight found herself benefited from first dose. She continued its use and after taking ten bottles, found herself sound and well, now she does her own housework and is as well as she ever was.—Free trial bottles of this Great Discovery at King & Wood's Drug Store, large bottles 50c. and $1.00.

Democrats Must Win the Doubtful States or Lose in 1892.

Under the new apportionment there will be 88 Senators and 356 Members of the House. An Electoral College of 444 will follow. A majority of this will be 223. What are usually considered Republican States will gain 18 votes in the House of Representatives and the same in the Electoral College; the Democratic States will gain 6 votes, and the doubtful States will remain the same as now. The following compilation will show the standing of the two parties:

ELECTORAL COLLEGE, 444.

REPUBLICAN STATES.		DEMOCRATIC STATES.	
California	9	Alabama	11
Colorado	4	Arkansas	8
Idaho	3	Delaware	3
Illinois	24	Florida	4
Iowa	13	Georgia	13
Kansas	10	Kentucky	13
Maine	6	Louisiana	8
Massachusetts	15	Maryland	8
Michigan	14	Mississippi	9
Minnesota	9	Missouri	17
Nebraska	8	North Carolina	11
Nevada	3	South Carolina	9
New Hampshire	4	Tennessee	12
North Dakota	3	Texas	16
Ohio	23	Virginia	12
Oregon	4		
Pennsylvania	32	Total	153
Rhode Island	4	DOUBTFUL STATES.	
South Dakota	4	Connecticut	6
Vermont	4	Indiana	15
Washington	4	New York	36
Wisconsin	12	West Virginia	6
Wyoming	3	New Jersey	10
		Montana	3
Total	216	Total	76

By the change of the plan of appointing electors in Michigan to that of selecting them by Congressional Districts will take part of Michigan out of the Republican and place it in the Democratic columns. The number the Democrats will be able to elect in that State we cannot with certainty state, but they claim that under the gerrymander they are certain of 4. In that case the Republican total would be 211 and the Democratic total 157. To elect, the Republicans would have to get from the doubtful States 12 votes and the Democrats would have to get 66 from the doubtful. This means that they must have New York, Indiana, New Jersey and two out of the remaining three, Connecticut, West Virginia and Montana, while the Republicans, having but 12 to add, can win with either Indiana or New York, or with Connecticut and West Virginia, or with New Jersey and either Connecticut, West Virginia or Montana.

It will be seen that New York is just as necessary to the Democrats as ever it was.

Pearl Button Factory.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., Nov. 3.—An industry that will give employment to not less than 500 persons is to be established near Sixty-ninth street and Haverford Avenue, Haddington, as a direct result of the beneficial action of the McKinley tariff bill. A Paris firm of pearl button manufacturers has leased the large stone factory at this point, which was formerly occupied as a steel wire belt factory. The building has remained untenanted for three years. The concern referred to has secured a lease on the property for five years, and will begin at once to place the necessary machinery in position. Previous to last year French manufacturers had a large button factory near Paris. When the passage of the McKinley bill became an assured fact they gathered all their unfinished stock together, shipped it to New York, and since then have been engaged in finishing up and disposing of this material. It at length became necessary to secure a permanent and extensive plant for their specialty, and the result of their negotiations with Mr. Joseph R. Rhodes, of this city, was the lease of the Haddington property, which also includes eleven tenement houses. All of the labor employed will be secured right here in Philadelphia, with the exception of a few of their former workmen, who will act as instructors to the new beginners. The removal of this industry to the United States enables the manufacturers to secure the introduction of their raw material free of duty, while the manufactured goods are amply protected under the same bill. Work on the leased property will begin immediately.

McKinley on the Ohio Election.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Nov. 5.—The *Times-Star's* Canton (Ohio) special says: Maj. McKinley said to-day, speaking of the Ohio elections:

"I am convinced that the judgement of our citizens does not approve the constant agitation of the tariff issue in the face of the fact that it can accomplish nothing. It must surely be apparent to all alike that the conditions, without which effective legislation is impossible, do not exist. The Republican Senate and the Republican President are bulwarks against which free trade forces dash powerless and with no immediate prospect of a change in these conditions, the only results of continued agitation is to disturb business and retard enterprise which the new law design to encourage.

"In spite of all, the bill is working its way, and from being on the defensive, as a year ago, we are now on the aggressive. When business is already good our people will not long tolerate movements which disturb it in the face of the conditions I have named and you will find that Republicans and Democrats alike will call a halt on the man whose stock in trade is not fair, square argument, but juggling misrepresentation of the same.

"Ohio has gone Republican and I accept the result as indicating that this State stands by the Republican party with full faith in its protective principles as embodied in the tariff law, and more than this, Ohio stands as she always has in favor of a full dollar and sound currency."

MY wife was so badly afflicted with rheumatism as to be unable to move in bed without assistance. Our druggist, Mr. Laddamus, recommended Chamberlain's Pain Balm, which greatly relieved her. We have used six bottles at various times, and would not be without it at hand.—JAS. COLEMAN, Lowell, Neb. 50 bottles, sold by W. F. Neisler, druggist.

"Centemeri" Kid Gloves
in
Black and Colors,
at
Linn & Scruggs' Dry Goods & Carpet Co.

WOOD PUMPS, Chain Pumps, Iron Force Pumps, for sale at Spencer & Lehman's. nov5-d&wtf

Chas. T. Johnston,

151 NORTH WATER STREET.

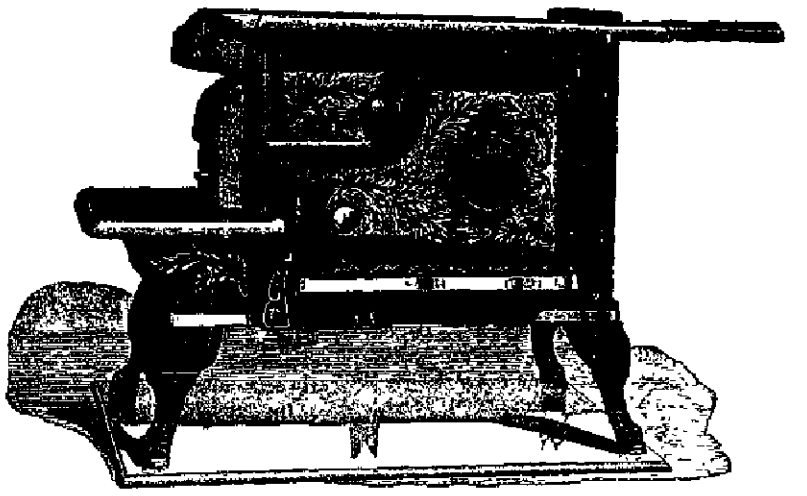
CLOAKS, CLOAKS, CLOAKS.

We have just opened for inspection and sale a beautiful line of LONG CAPES, WRAPS, LIGHT FUR-TRIMMED JACKETS, REEFERS AND TAILOR-MADE COATS.

See our NEW ROUGH EFFECTS in DRESS GOODS, BEDFORD CORDS, Etc. Blankets from $1.00 to $10 a pair.

We are working for a share of your trade. See what we can do for you.

Chas. T. Johnston.



COOK STOVE and Trimmings,	$20.00	SIDEBOARD,	$15.00
BEDROOM SUIT,	20.00	DINING TABLE,	10.00
PARLOR SUIT,	30.00	HIGH-BACK CHAIRS,	8.00

BACHMAN BROS.,

East Main Street, Sign of the Big Elephant.

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Now is the best time to buy, and

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Quality of Stock AWAY UP, and Prices AWAY DOWN, and don't you forget it.

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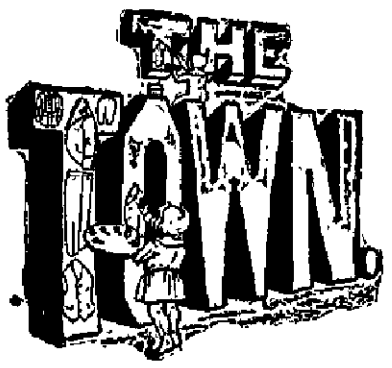

NOT RED,

But with specimens of good-fitting, good-looking, stylish, reasonable priced Clothing, of which we have a great assortment on hand, and from which you can no doubt suit yourself in every particular.

We have Overcoatings and Suitings from the Cheapest to the Best, for MEN, YOUTHS, BOYS and Children.

Why don't you treat yourself and us fairly and come to see us before purchasing.

B. STINE CLOTHING CO.,

Decatur, Illinois.

SILVER WEDDING

PRESENTS

Are the Correct Form this Season.

We have never before shown so Complete a stock and Beautiful Varieties in this Line, and cannot fail to please you in Goods and Prices.

Pure 18k Wedding Rings a Specialty.

W. R. ABBOTT & Co.

GO TO FREEMAN BROS.

—FOR—

Fine Shoes, School Shoes,
Good Shoes, Working Shoes,
Cheap Shoes, Sunday Shoes,

—WATER-PROOF GRAIN BOOTS—

For Farmers, Butchers and Brewers.

Decatur Agents for HAMILTON-BROWN SHOE CO.—Largest Factory in the World.

We sell Grover's Shoes for tender feet; Stribley's, Rockford, Strong & Carroll, and other lines too numerous to mention.

BOSTON SHOE COMPANY'S RUBBERS.

Remember the Place,

114 MERCHANT STREET, on the Old Square.

LOCAL NEWS.

NEARLY all of the New York Juvenile Orphan children brought here by Mr. E. Wright found homes in Macon County.

THERE is no more trouble about two postoffice signs at Oreana. The one which caused the kick was spirited away Hallow'een night.

MICHAEL TROUTMAN has sold his farm of 200 acres, which he recently purchased near Mattoon. The purchaser was Ed S. Gray, of Elwin, and the price paid was $7,500. The land is first class and the improvements are good.

JESSE YOAKUM, well-known in Decatur, has a farm of 820 acres in Piatt county. About 200 acres are in timber bordering on the Sangamon river. Mr. Y. is a brother-in-law of Mrs. Theodore Nelson and J. F. Blaine.

Now it is in order for corn husking matches to begin. Abe Eleminger and Jacob Brest will go against each other at Elkhart to decide a wager of $160 as to who can husk the most corn in 12 consecutive hours.

IT is announced that Charles Comiskey, the famous captain of the St. Louis Browns, will manage the Cincinnati National League Base Ball club the coming season at a salary of $7000. He was to sign the contract to-day. Comiskey is getting to be a floater.

JAMES P. STINE has been held in the sum of $1000 for his assault on Marshal W. A. Jordan, of Assumption, and the bond of the brother, William Stine, was fixed at $500. Jordan was stabbed in the region of the heart. He has about recovered from his injuries.

YESTERDAY Prof. John Hull, of the Southern Illinois Normal School, Carbondale, met President Cook and Prof. B. P. Colton, of the Normal School at Normal, at the office of Supt. E. A. Gastman, this city. It was a conference between the noted educators in reference to Normal school exhibits to be made at the World's Fair in Chicago.

THE REPUBLICAN is indebted to George Ferguson, of Omaha, for copies of the Omaha papers, which teem with the fire incident to hot local campaigns. The fight for municipal offices, judging from these papers, was at white heat in Omaha. Mr. Ferguson also sends duplicates of the Nebraska blanket ballots, which bear the names of all candidates, without designating the politics of the candidate.

Officers Elected.

At a meeting of the stockholders of the Decatur Trotting Association held last week, the following directors were chosen: C. M. Caldwell, D. A. Maffit, O. Curtis, R. R. Montgomery, Eli Brenneman, G. A. Kellar and Dr. J. F. Reid. Officers were then elected as follows: President, D. A. Maffit; secretary and treasurer, R. R. Montgomery. Dr. J. F. Reid declined a re-election to the office of secretary and treasurer.

Sad News.

From Thursday's Daily.

A telegram was received in Decatur last evening stating that Jay Loughbom, son and second child of Mr. and Mrs. Will Loughbom, had died during the day at the family home at Denver, Colo., aged 13 months. Mr. L. was in Decatur on Tuesday, and had been here for three weeks previously on business. Tuesday night Mr. L. left for Denver, and Wednesday morning I. N. Martin got a telegram addressed to him asking Will to come home, that Jay was sick. A few hours later the second telegram announced the death of the child. As Mr. L. was on his way home neither telegram reached him. He got home to-day. The many Decatur friends of the couple will sympathize with them in their sudden bereavement.

Prince Karl 2:26½.

Harry Himmelwright left yesterday for Chicago to bring the trotting stallion, Prince Karl, the property of R. E. Pratt of Chicago, to Decatur. The Prince has finished his first season's trotting, and his owner has every reason to feel proud of the result. He started in a number of races in Michigan and Illinois, winning several and in nearly every case got a place and part of the money, finishing at Kankakee on Thursday, where he obtained a record of 2.26½. He is a son of Sheppard's Commander, by Dictator, and Dam by Regalia, by Jay Gould. The Prince will arrive in Decatur on Sunday morning and will be in charge of Mr. Himmelwright during the winter.

A Former Decatur Boy in the Cast.

W. A. Patterson, formerly a resident of this city, is a member of the "O'Dowd's Neighbors" troupe, which appears at the Grand to night. Will is a brother-in-law of F. W. Greene and was assistant Wabash ticket seller during his residence in the city. He was also a member of the Calumet Club and a large number of young men will undoubtedly witness the performance from the front seats in the parquet. The troupe arrived in the city to-day from Bloomington. There are 31 people in the cast. They go to Cincinnati from Decatur.

Passed Away.

From Friday's Daily.

Peter Keister died at his home, 4½ miles north of Decatur, at 11:10 p. m., Nov. 5, of congestion of the stomach, aged 78 years, 1 month and 21 days.

Mr. Keister was one of the oldest settlers of Macon county and one among the wealthiest farmers. He leaves an aged wife and two sons, Julius and John, both residents of Macon county.

THE OGDEN MURDER.

Tragedy in the Zach Melhorn Saloon—Stabbed in a Fight.

"BUFF" OGDEN THE VICTIM---NO ARRESTS.

Escape of the Murderer—Particulars of the Sensational Occurrence—Robert Meloy Believed to be the Guilty Man—The Inquest at Bullard's Rooms—Notes.

From Friday's Daily.

Harry Ogden, familiarly known as "Buff" Ogden, a hostler at C. M. Caldwell's livery stable on West Main street, was murdered at 8:45 o'clock last night, in the Zach Melhorn saloon, No. 218 East Main street, in the presence of four persons, none of whom, however, saw the fatal blow with the knife; but they saw and heard the fight and witnessed the flight of the murderer, supposed to be Robert Meloy who, with his companion, a party known as "Ed," passed out of the back door and through the Combs restaurant on to Water street, where they disappeared and have not since been seen or heard of. Ogden dropped on the floor in front of the bar and died a few minutes after he had remarked to Melhorn, "I believe I have been hurt."

THE PARTICULARS.

After the fact of the murder had become known it was over two hours before Marshal Mason or the reporters could get at the particulars, or reach a conclusion as to the probable identity of the murderer. All the people knew for awhile was that there had been a dispute in a gambling room, and that there was a fight in the Melhorn saloon in which Ogden was stabbed in the side. All was excitement. Finally it was learned that during the afternoon Ogden and his friend, Will Dunham, known as "Lafe" Dunham, had been out buggy-riding and visiting various saloons. By night they were under the influence of liquor. Shortly after 8 o'clock they entered the Melhorn saloon, and passed through and up the back stairway into the Cyrus Robinson poker room over the saloon. Robinson was asleep on a lounge, but Harry Hathaway was in charge of the room. Will Kramer, two strangers, Robert Meloy and his friend Ed, a party named Huffmaster and the murdered man, "Buff" Ogden, were in the room, but Ogden was not in the game. Soon there was a dispute between Dunham and Kramer. There had been a deal. All of Dunham's money was in the "pot" and it was a show-down. Kramer and Dunham had each drawn three cards. Kramer was slow making a show of his hand, and Dunham reached over and "flashed" the cards, or turned them over. A new deal was called for and when it was shown that Kramer had won Dunham arose quickly, evidently with the intent to assault Kramer. At this juncture Hathaway caught Dunham by the arms and held him back, at the same time ordering Kramer to get out, saying he wouldn't have any disturbance in the place. Robinson was aroused by the talk, and he also ordered Kramer to leave the room. Kramer passed down the back stairway, as did also Meloy and his friend. Hathaway held on to Dunham until the sound of foot-steps could not be heard and then he let him go. Both Dunham and Ogden then departed. What passed between them on the way down is not known. Ogden was in a rage as a witness of the trouble in the gambling room. There is an open space at the foot of the stairway back of the saloon and there Dunham stopped for a few moments, Ogden going into the saloon alone. In the meantime Kramer had gone through the saloon out on East Main street, and when Ogden entered from the rear Meloy and his friend were going through toward the front door. Ogden, with a threat, called to the two men to stop, that he could do them both up. The men kept on going and Ogden quickened his steps, passing through the swinging screen doors, where he came at once to Meloy. The threat of Ogden was the first Melhorn knew that there had been any trouble. He was sitting on a chair near the stove and got up and went behind the bar, supposing that the two men who preceded Ogden might stop at the bar. On reaching the middle of the bar Melhorn heard the scuffling in the open space beyond the screen doors and he started back to get to the men to separate them. When he came around the end of the bar the three men had pushed their way back through the screen doors and were in front of the bar when Melhorn got near them. The man "Ed" did not appear to have a hand in the fight. He had got near the stove and had hold of a chair as if he would use it. Meloy and Ogden were close together when Meloy broke away and passed quickly out of the saloon through the back door, followed by his friend. Melhorn stepped up to Ogden, who appeared to be in pain, and just then Ogden said, "I believe I'm hurt," at the same time lifting the lower edge of his vest on the left side. A moment later Ogden fell heavily upon the floor, and in a short time he was dead. The "scrap" in front of the screen doors and the scuffle in front of the bar consumed but a few minutes. In fact, the murder was committed as quickly as it was possible for the party to leave the gambling room, pass through the saloon, reach the front and come together. It was all over so quickly that Adam Melhorn, John Melhorn and James Wallace, three cigar-makers who were playing cards in the back part of the saloon, had no knowledge of what was going on as to a fight until after Ogden fell on the floor. Dunham had not had time to come in from the rear. He got into the saloon as Ogden fell.

THE ESCAPE.

Meloy and his friend evidently knew the quickest way of making their escape. They got out the back way and passed through the kitchen into Combs' restaurant and out on Water street. Two men at the Combs lunch counter saw the parties pass through. They walked rapidly. One of the men had a knife in his hand which he closed and put in his pocket. The people in the restaurant had not then heard of the murder, and they were not especially interested in the appearance or conduct of the strangers, as it frequently occurs that parties pass to and fro from the saloon through the restaurant.

THE FATAL STAB.

Dr. H. D. Heil was the first physician to reach the saloon in response to a summons, and with him came Marshal Mason and other officers. The doctor found Ogden dead. The wound was hastily examined. The stab was on the left side, four inches below the nipple. The cut as shown in the side is an inch wide and several inches deep, the knife severing the abdominal artery, causing death from internal hemorrhage. Ogden's clothing was saturated with his life blood, and upon the floor was a great pool of blood.

Later Coroner Bendure arrived and he had the body of Ogden removed to J. E. Bullard's undertaking rooms where a great crowd had assembled to get a look at the remains, but only a few were admitted.

SEEN BY THE MOTHER.

The mother of Ogden is Mrs. J. W. Johnson of 722 West Decatur street. "Buff" was her son by a former husband. She was found at Janes' Chapel attending religious services. Accompanied by a number of lady friends she hastened to the saloon to see her dead son, but she was not admitted. She rested and wept at the Combs restaurant until the body was washed and dressed and then she saw the lifeless form of her boy at the Bullard place. Her grief was deep and prolonged, affecting all present.

"Buff" was about 23 years old. He was his own worst enemy, being given to the use of liquor and often engaging in scraps, though the odds were against him. When sober he was industrious and peaceable. His tragic end is the result of bad habits and bad association. He was frequently seen at funerals driving a carriage team and only yesterday forenoon he was the driver of the first carriage team in the Weinmann funeral.

A KNIFE ON THE FLOOR.

Near the spot where Ogden fell was found an open knife, which Melhorn says dropped out of Ogden's hand as he went over. It had a cork screw on the back of the handle. Early in the evening a man at the stable saw Ogden with the knife in his possession.

SEARCHING FOR THE MURDERER.

It was only through Hathaway that Marshal Mason could secure a description of the two men under suspicion. Hathaway had seen Meloy before and knew that he had been a farm hand in the employ of John Holmes, residing half a mile north of Harristown. The man "Ed" was a stranger in Decatur. The pointer was enough for action, and immediately Captain Bailey and Officers Mutherspaugh and Imboden were sent to the Holmes place in an open carriage, with the slight hope of capturing the two men, or at the least to learn something about them. Holmes knew Robert Meloy. He had worked for him. He did not know the other man. Both had been shucking corn for Thomas Talbert, 1½ miles southwest of Harristown, but the painter had been discharged because he was too slow. Both men quit work Thursday morning, stating that they were going to Warrensburg to seek employment, but instead of going there they came to Decatur. It was learned further that the home of both men is at Scottsburg, Ind. No trace of the men could be found, and the officers returned to the city.

OFFICIAL DESCRIPTION.

Marshal Mason has prepared the following correct description of Meloy and the man "Ed.":

Robert Meloy, a young man about 23 years old, 5 feet 9 inches tall, medium build, weight about 150 pounds; medium complected; dark sandy or brown mustache (light in weight); dark hair; nose a little turned up at the end. Stood erect; rather good looking and genteel in appearance; works as a farm hand. Wore a dark suit of clothes, sack coat, not worn much; black soft hat; pants out with spring bottom.

Also the man "Ed," about 40 years old, 5 feet 8 inches high; rather heavy set, or close made; weight 165 pounds, little stoop-shouldered; sandy or light complected; sandy mustache, medium weight; full face, sunburnt; had been husking corn, but claimed to be a painter by occupation; rather large Roman nose. Wore a faded brown short sack, single-breasted coat, dark pants with a colored stripe running up and down; black stiff hat; clothes all well worn; claimed to be from Scottsburg, Ind.

THE INQUEST.

The inquest on the body of Ogden is in progress this afternoon, conducted by Coroner Bendure at the Bullard rooms. The jurymen are Emil F. Young, W. R. Kell, E. S. Baker, H. D. Heil, W. F. Calhoun and R. A. Newell.

The witnesses who had been summoned by the coroner up to one o'clock were James Wallace, John Melhorn, Harry Hathaway, William Kramer and Adam Melhorn. Other parties may be brought before the jury.

From Saturday's Daily.

THE VERDICT.

Coroner Bendure did not finish the inquest on the body of Harry Ogden at the Bullard rooms until nearly four o'clock yesterday afternoon. Eight witnesses were examined. They added nothing of special interest in connection with the saloon tragedy other than was given in the account published in the REPUBLICAN last evening. Here is the verdict of the jury:

THE VERDICT.

In the matter of the inquisition on the body of Harry Ogden, deceased, held at Decatur, Ill., on the 6th day of November, A. D. 1891: We, the undersigned jurors, sworn to inquire of the death of Harry Ogden, on oath do find that he came to his death by a blow from a deadly weapon, said weapon being an open knife in the hands of a person identified, but to us by name unknown, that the blade of said knife penetrated the body of said Harry Ogden four inches below and one inch and one-quarter to the left of a vertical line below the left nipple, and extending inward and downward toward the median line of the body. The wound which caused the death of said Harry Ogden was inflicted in the saloon of Zach Melhorn at 218 East Main street, Decatur, Ill., at about 9 o'clock, Thursday evening, November 5, 1891.

H. D. HEIL, Foreman.
W. F. CALHOUN.
R. A. NEWELL
EMIL F. YOUNG.
W. R. R. KELL.
E. S. BAKER.

The first witness examined was Will Dunham, who was very anxious to be put on the stand first, so he could get away on the first train for Taylorville. He testified that he had spent the afternoon of Thursday with Ogden. They had driven about the city in one of Dimock's buggies. After 8 o'clock in the evening witness and Ogden visited the Robinson poker room over the Melhorn saloon. Ogden fell asleep in a chair, and Dunham engaged in a game of poker with Will Kramer and two strangers. Witness got into an altercation with Kramer, who was ordered out of the place, Ogden awoke, and all went down the back stairway. Heard Ogden say as they passed down, "I'll get him." Witness did not enter the saloon at once, but when he opened the door he saw Ogden and one of the strangers exchanging blows in front of the bar. Witness thought he could identify the man with whom Ogden was fighting.

Harry Hathaway, who held Dunham until the party left the room, confirmed what Dunham had said about Ogden being quiet in the poker room, and witness described the two strangers as Meloy and his friend. Ogden did not say anything in the room except to ask Hathaway to let Dunham go.

Zach Melhorn, proprietor of the saloon where Ogden was killed, saw Ogden in the saloon at 8:30 the night of the murder; saw him pass through to the rear. Half an hour later he re-entered the saloon from the rear, closely following two strangers, who were near the front door on their way out. Heard Ogden make a threat as he came in, and say, "Hold on, I'll get both of you!" Ogden ran and overtook the two men beyond the screen door, and a fight began. Ogden and the man of sandy complexion pressed back in front of the bar, and each struck the other, but no words were uttered. There were four or five blows exchanged. The stranger gave an underhand blow, when he left through the rear door. Witness did not see any weapons until after Ogden fell, when he saw an open knife on the floor. Ogden had walked to a point near the stove, when he said: "I believe I'm hurt," and then he passed back to the front of the bar, when he fell on the floor and expired.

Will B. Kramer testified that he had been playing poker in the Robinson room with Dunham and the two strangers, and then he repeated the quarrel about the game in which he won $1.25. Dunham had 35 cents in the "pot." Dunham jumped up with a threat, and Hathaway held him. I was ordered out, and I left. Think the two strangers went down the stairway ahead of me. As I passed out of the front door of the saloon I heard some one call out from the inside, "I'll get you." Did not see Ogden in room up stairs.

Adam Melhorn, John Melhorn and John Wallace, who were in the saloon that evening playing cards, corroborated Zach Melhorn's testimony as to what Ogden said and his manner when he entered from the rear. John and Adam Melhorn saw the "scrap" in front of the bar, and first saw Ogden strike the first blow. They saw the stranger pass through to the rear after the separation and in his hand was an open knife with a blade seemingly about four inches long. They also saw the knife on the floor and described it accurately.

John Owens, foreman at C. M. Caldwell's livery stable, where Ogden was employed, failed to positively identify the knife alleged to be Ogden's. He knew the knife in question had a cork screw on the back, but he thought the hinge was at the end instead of in the middle. He said Skinny Rankin had sold Ogden the knife. Witness could not identify the single bladed knife which had been found in a pocket of Ogden's trousers.

NO ARREST.

Robert Meloy is the man supposed to have killed Ogden. The police have failed to learn anything as to his whereabouts. When located he will be promptly arrested.

OGDEN'S FUNERAL.

The funeral of Harry Ogden will take place from Janes' Chapel Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

The Thanksgiving Shoot.

The following is a list of the prizes to be offered by the Decatur Gun Club at their shoot at the club grounds in East Park Boulevarde on Thanksgiving Day, Nov. 26:

A box of Little Dukes, donated by Quinn & Seeforth.

Three bottles of Mosel Blumchen Rhine Wine, by Louis Steinbach.

500 Peoria Targets, by the Peoria Target Co.

A fine hunting coat, by W. Fred. Rumby & Co., New York City.

A keg of Western sporting powder, by H. Mueller & Sons.

A pair of high-top sporting boots by Waggoner & Downing.

A box of Grand Opera cigars by Keck & Weigand.

A $4 silk umbrella, by the Linn & Scruggs Dry Goods & Carpet Co.

One white full dress shirt, by the Race Clothing Manufacturing Co.

One O. M. Draper 14k roll-plated chain, by H. Post.

One 50 pound sack of White Foam flour, by the Hatfield Milling Co.

F. D. Caldwell offers one ton of lump coal to the person making the poorest score, and will, if there is no objections offered, shoot for the prize himself.

Married.

From Thursday's Daily.

Charles Smith and Miss Laura Winchester were united in marriage last evening at the residence of Mr. Smith on West Macon street, at 8 o'clock, by Rev. A. Ward, of the Macedonia Baptist Church. The couple received many valuable presents. A bountiful wedding supper was served.

For the Schuttler, Moline and Capital Farm Wagons, go to the Spencer & Lehman Co., Decatur, Ill.
August 20-w3m

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WEEKLY REPUBLICAN.

ENTERED at the Postoffice at Decatur, Illinois as second class mail matter.

Gov. Boies is in position to receive recognition on the next national Democratic ticket.

Gov. DAVID B. HILL determined to be ahead of the President; he has issued his Thanksgiving proclamation.

E. W. HALFORD, the President's private secretary, has so far recovered that he has returned to Washington and has resumed work.

Gov. RUSSELL's plurality has been reduced to 5,820, mistakes having been discovered at Taunton where he was given the vote for Allen.

JOSEPH R. DUNLOP, formerly editor of the Chicago *Times*, has purchased the *Mail*, and will remove it from the *Times* building to other quarters.

ONE woman, it has been discovered, voted in Chicago, and the Democratic club of the ward in which it occurred is asking the canvassing board to throw out the entire vote of the precinct.

REV. LEGRENT KINSOLVING in a public lecture in Baltimore declares that illiteracy is widespread in Brazil, and that its 15,000,000 people have no bibles. Mr. Kinsolving is a protestant missionary to that country.

GOVERNOR RUSSELL, of Massachusetts, is only 32 years of age and is, of course, ineligible for vice president of the United States. And yet many Democratic newspapers refer to him as a possibility for that nomination.

EX. CONGRESSMAN HARRISON KELLEY who left the Republicans during the summer because the Federal Election bill failed to pass(?) and joined the Alliance seems to have fallen into the soup. He is now a man without a party.

THE Republican party has never gained a vote by ignoring or putting in the background any great principle on which it has been fighting in the nation to gain temporary advantage in any one locality. We shall be wiser as Republicans when every campaign is broadened by discussion of local, municipal, state and national issues.

A SPECIAL from Washington says: That Secretary Blaine has concluded that England is at the bottom of the trouble in Brazil with a view of restoring her trade with that country as against the recent reciprocity treaty of this country with Brazil. It is expected that in case Blaine's conclusions are confirmed there will be lively times in diplomatic circles.

WHEN Gov. Campbell spoke at the pottery town called East Liverpool, O., (not far from Wheeling) he made a brutal attack on the potters, calling them slaves, serfs, voting-cattle, and they were owned by their bosses, and used other opprobrious terms. The little town polls some thing over 1,000 votes. It gave 656 majority against Campbell. That was the answer of the potters to his slanderous epithets.

Among the statesmen laid out cold by the vote at the last election is Calvin Brice, Esq., Chairman of the National Democratic committee, and Senator from Ohio and New York. Both his Ohio and Bricevilla constituents are on the run. The Governor of Tennessee offers "a reward of $25" for any of Brice's men caught, but thus far few of the fugitives have been returned to their work of "mining coal at 45 cents per day."

LAST week there was some excitement in Germany over the report that a family had contracted trichiniasis. It was at once suspected that this was due to American pork. An investigation was promptly made, the result being that the family had been eating pork purchased at a local slaughter house and that they had not eaten any American pork. The pork had been eaten without properly cooking it. The chances are that no meat ever exported from America into Germany was infected with trichinæ.

THE REPUBLICAN has repeatedly advised the *H.-D.* not to meddle with political matters, as its ignorance of such questions have so often led it into ridiculous statements. Among those have been its bulls on the silver law and the tariff law, but instead of accepting advice and profiting by the same, it has come out with a comment on the political situation in Iowa, in which it assumes that the only way open to Republican success is to resubmit to the people of that state the prohibitory amendment. This would be a difficult matter in Iowa, from the fact that it has no prohibitory amendment to its constitution. The prohibitory laws of Iowa are purely statutory.

THE *Review* claims to have made a discovery. It bases its discovery on a supposed statement of Secretary Rusk that hides ought to be put back on the dutiable list if New England proposes to vote the Democratic ticket. Of course those acquainted with Secretary Rusk do not believe he ever made use of any such language. He is a man who is credited with too much sense to indulge in such nonsense. But suppose he did, the *Review* as a discoverer is a little slow. It seems to have forgotten when the Mills bill was before the House, the Democratic member from Connecticut made the Democrats restore the duty on Connecticut leaf tobacco with the threat that if they did not Connecticut would become a safe Republican State.

Revenue Reform.

In an interview on the results of the election Roger Q. Mills says:

"The policy of protection is by no means saddled on the American people as a result of McKinley's election. The future of revenue reform is as bright as ever. I will admit that it looks like a black eye in Ohio, but after all the success of McKinley means only that the Republicans of Ohio are willing to commit themselves to the policy of protection. That state is naturally a Republican state, and the election of McKinley is therefore nothing but a natural consequence and not the result of the issue of protection.

Mr. Mills is free to venture an opinion to the effect that revenue reform is still desired by our people. In this interview he uses the phrase "revenue reform" as the synonym of "tariff reform." The phrase used either way at first glance seems an innocent thing. The word "reform" is one the average Democratic leader delights to use. It sounds as sweet as a melody and tickles the fancy of the superficial thinker. Everybody, of course, ought to be in favor of reform on any line, and the use of the word by Democratic leaders, such as Dr. Mills, is selected for its soothing effect. But what does it mean. Tariff reform is what Mills and other Democratic economists favor. They are not all as free as Mr. Mills has been, however, to give the people a fair definition of the phrase. In this respect they are not as candid as he. The reason they are not is that they are not as certain as he that the people can be trusted to pass favorably on the question when they are given to understand its full meaning. Mr. Mills defines what tariff reform means when he tells us, as he did in a speech at Minneapolis a year ago, what kind of a tariff he favors. He then said:

Free trade will kill trusts as dead as a door nail, and yet American people insist on sending men to Congress to vote for protection. The Almighty never designed that any man or woman should be independent of his fellow man. He made us dependent upon each other. We must exchange the things we do not want for things we must have. And to do this we must have *absolute free trade.*

After reading this we know precisely what Mr. Mills means by tariff reform. He gives a fair and comprehensive definition. There can be no misconstruction of its meaning. It is the future of free trade he thinks as bright as ever. The phrase "tariff reform," or "revenue reform" is simply free trade clothed in garments, which Mr. Mills and other free traders will be less offensive to American workingmen, and is used for the purpose of allaying them into voting against their own interests. It is an effort to feed them poison disguised as palatable food. If the future of free trade is as bright as ever the Republicans stand ready to take the shine out of it in 1892.

Best Vindicated Man in America.

Indianapolis *Journal:* All things considered the election of McKinley is one of the most notable personal triumphs ever achieved by an American statesman. For three years he has been a target for foreign criticism and Democratic abuse. While the McKinley bill was pending he was denounced in the most unmeasured terms. After it passed the floodgates of Democratic abuse were opened and the repertoire of vilifying adjectives was exhausted on him. The Ohio legislature gerrymandered him out of Congress, and free traders everywhere shouted their approval of the act. But he made his fight and bided his time with a fixedness and steadiness of purpose worthy of admiration. To-day he is the best vindicated man in America. As the governor elect of his native state by the free suffrages of its people he can afford to smile at the vain efforts of his enemies at home and abroad.

A REVENUE tariff never built a factory in America nor opened the way for one. The protective tariff has built up industries in this country and the McKinley law is building more, even Democratic free traders believe this and are willing to chance their capital on it as the following dispatch from Washington shows:

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Co-operative Town Company of Tennessee, consisting of Robert P. Porter president; John G. Carlisle, Isham G. Harris, H. C. Hansbrough, Benjamin Butterworth, Louis E. McCamas and Col. A. T. Britton, held in this city today, it was definitely decided to locate the new manufacturing town in eastern Tennessee; at Elizabethton, in the celebrated Watauga Valley, on the Watauga and Doe rivers.

Among the professional free trades in this organization we note Senator Carlisle of Ky., and Senator Harris of Tennessee both of whom voted against the McKinley bill, Britton is also a Democrat.

BUT how about the Ohio case? We were told that the Democrats gerrymandered that state outrageously. The Republicans carried it by 20,000 and got a majority of 40 in the Legislature. That doesn't look much as if the Democrats fixed things.—*Review.*

No; but they did the best they could to fix things. The *Review* does not seem to know that the members of the General Assembly in Ohio are elected by counties, except in Hamilton and a few other counties, and could not be gerrymandered. The Republicans got this majority by carrying Democratic counties by the wholesale.

Maj. McKinley Goes East.

CANTON, O., Nov. 8.—McKinley's plurality is in the neighborhood of 21,500. The Republicans will have a majority of 54 on joint ballot in the Legislature, the House standing: Republicans 73, Democrats 32; and the Senate: Republicans 22., Democrats 9. Maj McKinley, accompanied by his wife, left for New York yesterday. He will remain in the East a couple of weeks seeking rest, and then return to Canton to remain until the inauguration in January.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

War Ships.

For years Congress has shown a disposition to regard the building of war ships and coast defenses a matter of small importance. This grew, no doubt, out of the fact that the United States is regarded as safe from all danger of invasion from foreign powers. Too much importance has been attached to this fact and too little to the fact that the time must come when the Government would be required to defend its honor on the coast of some other country, which would naturally lead to the necessity for coast defenses for our own coasts.

Our Government has never followed the maxim, "In time of peace prepare for war." It has always been found preparing for war after war became a necessity, or the Government had been actually assailed.

This disposition of the Government has again been demonstrated. The trouble in Chili has been at fever heat for a long time, and yet, when this Government saw its sailors killed on the streets of Valparaiso it was unable to enforce satisfaction pending the penalty of laying that city in ashes within a few hours. Under the same provocation the naval representatives of England or Germany would have enforced such a demand without referring the matter to their governments. Minister Lincoln some time ago said that the standing of nations at foreign courts was measured by the power of the several governments to enforce its demands by the power of its navy, and that by this estimate the United States stood far below some nations that were otherwise unimportant.

Since the Chilian affair, however, great activity in our navy yards is daily announced. Every war ship that can be made to float is being prepared for sea. Men are working overtime and on Sunday as well. In the midst of this hurry and bustle comes the announcement that revolution is imminent in Brazil, which means that American interests in that republic need protection, and here we are as a nation unprepared to protect our own interests. These facts may as well be admitted, humiliating as they are. They should teach us a lesson. They should silence the mouths of the would-be statesmen who tell us there is no danger of war; that we are in no need of a navy or coast defences, as the world fears us. These assumptions are foolish and absolutely dangerous and have been disproved but never more emphatically than in the recent murder of American sailors by the petty government of Chili.

Of course we will come out all right in the end, but it will prove expensive and embarrasing, while on the other hand had we been prepared, as we should have been, for any emergency on the coasts of Chili, the difficulty had never occurred; or, if it had, Chili would have been made to apologize in a few hours. We have failed to profit by experience in the past. The question now is, Will the present lesson do us good?

Arranging a Ticket.

The Kansas Republicans are rapidly organizing clubs throughout the state preparatory to the national nominating convention. The clubs they are organizing are Blaine and McKinley clubs, with the view of selecting the Kansas delegation to the next national convention for Blaine for President and McKinley for Vice-President. That this would make a good ticket no one will deny. The Kansan argues that in case Blaine should die McKinley would stand as the peer of Mr. Blaine for successor. This assumption in a political move of this character will not be calculated to bring about the consent of the friend of Major McKinley to such an arrangement and will not strike Mr. Blaine as being just the thing. From the start it would herald to the country the average Kansan's fear that the chances are that Mr. Blaine is in great danger of death before his term of office expired. Those who want Mr. Blaine as a candidate want him for the service they believe he could do his country as President. They do not want him simply as a runner or candidate, and if impressed that the chances are against Mr. Blaine surviving his term of office, they would be slow to consent to his becoming a candidate.

The average Republican has had all the experience he wants changing administrations in the midst of the term. On the other hand, if, as the Kansan puts it, McKinley is the peer of Blaine, it is not likely that the friends of McKinley will consent to set him for a dead man's shoes, according to Kansas logic. He is but 47 years old and has plenty of time to wait for first place on the ticket, but has no time to be shelved according to the Kansas plan. The offices McKinley has held he has wrested from the Democratic party on fair and well-fought fields. McKinley as a leader has won the place he holds in the hearts of Republicans and it would be asking too much of him who has been a leader of leaders to enter the cave of oblivion by accepting a second place on the Presidential ticket, no matter who is selected for first place. Logan consented to do that, and every politician who knew Logan knows that until the day of his death he regretted that he gave his consent to take second place. He regarded that as the mistake of his life.

THE suits against the government by the states of Illinois, Indiana and Ohio to recover from the government upon its promise made at the time the 2 per cent fund lost by these states in the national road project many years ago has failed. The court of claims holds that these claims are barred by the statutes of limitation.

The Two Parties.

There is no reason why the Republicans should not win in 1892. There are many reasons why the Democrats should not win. The Republican party is a party of principles well and always faithfully defined. It never trims its sails with a view of trading on the prejudices of ignorant people. It seeks power with a view of applying its principles to the affairs of government. This has been its history since its organization and it has placed upon the statute books of the country doctrine crystalized into the best laws the country has ever known. It has always been fair with the people, sometimes to the extent of opposing measures demagogues had succeeded in leading certain classes to believe were for their benefit, when in fact these measures would have been detrimental to the best interests of such classes, and for these reasons it ought to win in 1892.

The Democratic party should not win because its course has been the reverse of that of the Republican party. It has sought to win for no other purpose than to get into power, for the sake of office. This disposition has led it into many compromising situations. It has been on all sides of all questions during the last thirty years. It has been the Absalom of the country, encouraging dissention and dissatisfaction among the people and then declaring that if it "were only made judge in the land, every man who had a grievance would get justice."

It has failed, on account of this plan, to hold to the advocacy or the defense of any issue, upon any subject. Whatever its platform may express on finances, the tariff or sumptuary laws, you will find goldbug Democrats, free silver Democrats, protection Democrats, free trade Democrats, whisky Democrats and temperance Democrats coming together, standing shoulder to shoulder, making the battle together simply because they are Democrats and desire the offices. Its only bond of union, the only ground upon which it can unite is the word "Democrat," though shorn of its original glory by its demagogical leaders, who, by by their efforts to make it mean everything, have made the word "Democrat" mean nothing.

With these well known conditions in its make up the Democratic party, in power, could do nothing for the people because they could unite on nothing, and ought not win in 1892. If the intelligence and good sense of the American people can be depended upon it will not win in 1892.

PEORIA *Journal:* England has once more made itself offensive to all genuine Americans by intruding into the dispute between the United States and Chili. It is characteristic English insolence. What has England to do in these concerns, anyway? The day will come, and it may not be long in coming, when England will rue the day when she was led to interfere in our affairs, as she has been doing for the last half century, whenever the opportunity offered.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

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A Full and Complete Line of Everything that is desirable, at Prices that are beyond question the Lowest

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Executors' Notice.

Estate of Dr. H. N. Clark, Deceased.

The undersigned having been appointed executor of the estate of Dr. H. N. Clark, late of the county of Macon and State of Illinois, deceased, hereby give notice that they will appear before the County Court of Macon County, at the court house in Decatur, at the December term, on the first Monday in December next, at which time all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to attend for the purpose of having the same adjusted. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

Dated this 28th day of October, 1891.

DANIEL W. MOORE.
CHARLOTTE P. CLARK.

octtd-wt

News from Macon.

Prof. H. A. Kitch visited Decatur last Saturday.

Mrs. Clara McGee and daughter Stella are visiting relatives in Vera.

Old Mr. Joe Heckler died very suddenly last Sunday night and was buried Tuesday.

Rev. M. D. Hawes, of Decatur, preached at the M. E. Church last Sunday morning.

The citizens of Macon don't care for public water now, since the recent rains, for their cisterns are all full.

Rev. W. H. Illsley delivered a very interesting lecture last Tuesday night at the Presbyterian Church about the lumber and copper regions of Northern Michigan. He had specimens of the copper of that country in its natural state. He said there was gold, silver, copper and iron found there.

Leonard Siehr's nice new cottage is about completed.

Mr. Samuel Alexander is erecting a nice new dwelling.

L. E. Lawley conducts a writing class three nights in every week. Those who are under Lou's instructions will evidently be benefited.

Mrs. Jas. G. Griffeth, who died of heart disease last Thursday, will be buried in the Macon cemetery to-day.

"Corn is king," and the farmers are making use of the fine weather

There is talk of a Decatur photographer starting a branch gallery in Macon.

Miss Ida Willoughby, of Lebanon, and Miss Ellen Murphy, of Summerville, are visiting relatives in town.

Mr. A. Beschle has sold his hardware store to an F. M. B. A. firm which will put in a big stock of all kinds of goods. Z.

Thrown From Her Horse.

Miss Lillie Linthicum, who has been a member of the Jacob Troutman family at Troutman station, visited her father, Joseph Linthicum, at Harristown on Sunday, making the trip on horseback. Returning to Troutman in the evening Miss Lillie, who is 18 years of age, was thrown from her horse and was found lying in the road unconscious. She is now at the home of James Horseman. It is expected that she will ultimately recover. The father and mother are with their daughter.

DR. FRUTH,

Of New York, the well-known specialist in chronic diseases and diseases of the eye and ear, by request of many friends and patients, has decided to visit

DECATUR

Thursday, November 19, 1891.

Consultation and examination free and confidential in his branch office, from 8 a. m. to 9 p m. One day only

ST. NICHOLAS HOTEL.

DR. A. C. FRUTH,

of the Chicago Medical and Surgical Institute, Corner Wabash and Van Buren Sts., ably assisted by a faculty of eighteen competent physicians, surgeons and gynæcologists and trained nurses for the scientific and successful treatment of all forms of Chronic and Sexual Diseases, Catarrh, Asthma, Stomach, Kidney, Bladder, Nervous and Special Diseases of Men and Women.

Diseases of Women. Dr. Fruth by untiring research has perfected a never failing cure for Female Weakness and all diseases of women without local Applications. Cures guaranteed.

DR. FRUTH, after years of experience, has perfected the most infallible method of curing Vital Drain in Urine, Impaired Memory, Weak Back, Melancholy, Weak Eyes, those terrible disorders arising from ruinous practices of youth, blighting the most radiant hopes, unfitting patient for business, study, society or marriage, annually sweeping to an untimely grave thousands of exalted talent and brilliant intellect.

Kidney and Bladder Diseases, Bright's Disease, Diabetes and kindred maladies treated and cures effected in thousands of cases that had been pronounced beyond hope and an examination of urine required in each case, bring an ounce for chemical and microscopical examination.

Many die every year who might have been permanently cured had they placed their case in the hands of experts

Epilepsy or Fits positively cured by a new and never failing Hospital treatment.

Curing of Piles Guaranteed. Will give $1,000 for any case of failure.

Remarkable Cures perfected in old cases which have been neglected or unskillfully treated. No experiments or failures. Parties treated by mail or express, but where possible personal consultation preferred.

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Dry Goods and Millinery Store.

Bedford cords, black and colors	$ .45
Broadcloths, imported and new shades	1.25
Camel's Hair suitings	.90
Cheviots, novelties, new	.40
Henriettas, black and new shades	.25
Batting, white and clean, 16 oz. full	10
Wool, plain plaids, 36 in	10
Good heavy brown sheeting, 36 in	05
Heavy Camel's Hair styles, 36 in	12½

Best Cotton Flannel, 7c, 8c and 10c.

"Our Own Make" Bed Comforts, very nice, clean white batts, $1.50 and $1 75.

The only first class stock of Millinery in the city. No fancy prices. Entire satisfaction or no sale. Miss Annie McDonald in charge—much and most successful year. Inspection invited.

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Flax-fiber Slop Pails, beston earth, never leak	75c and 85c
Nubian Iron Enamel, nothing like it for grates, fender stove pipes, hods, etc	25c

The best Stove Polish is the Nubian Paste, only 5c a box.

Small Cotton Clothes Lines	10c
Large Hatchets	15 and 25c
Coal Hods	30 and 35c
Tubs	50 and 60c
Wood Pails, only	14c
Baking Powder, worth 10c, only	5c
Lamp Chimneys, best	5c
Novelty Clothes Wringer. Worth $2.50.	$2.00
Wire Clothes Lines	30c
Horse Brushes	15c
Wood Sugar Boxes	8c up
"Never Break" Skillets	38c
Flour Sifters, only	20c
Wire Toasters	5 and 10c
Folding Ironing Boards	98c
Large Step Ladder	75c
Bread Boards	45c
House Brooms	18c and 25c
All Copper Wash Boilers	$2.25
Decorated Chamber Sets, nothing nicer	$2 50 and $3.00
Dinner Plates, per set	40c
Cups and Saucers, per set	45c

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Our store was flooded by the bursting of water pipes overhead and soaked $2,000 worth of Choice Clothing, which we will dispose of AT YOUR OWN PRICES. The goods are perfect excepting the water. Come and get your choice at your own price.

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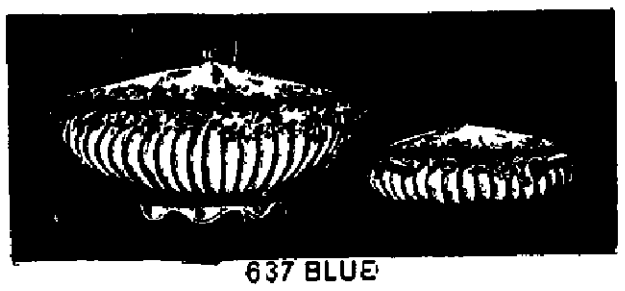

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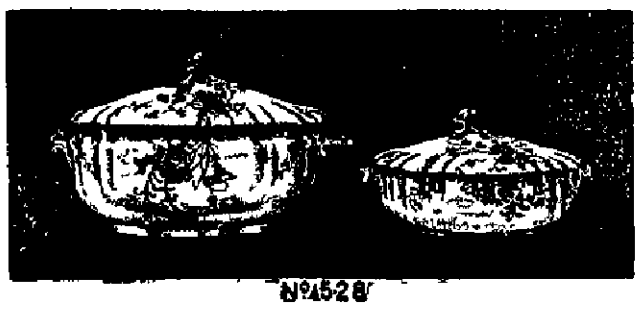

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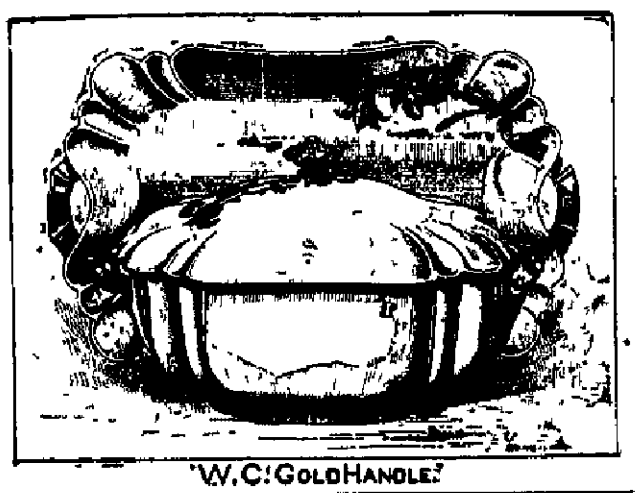

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OWE WILL MISS THE MOON.

Total Eclipse of Fair Luna Next Sunday Evening, Visible Here.

There will be a complete eclipse of the moon, visible over the greater part of the United States next Sunday, Nov. 15. It will be plainly visible in Central Illinois. This eclipse, should no clouds obscure the sky, will be a most interesting phenomenon. At Chicago the moon will enter the penumbra at 3 46 p. m. and enter the umbra (or shadow) at 4 45 The total eclipse will begin at 5 47 and be at its completest point at 6 29 The total eclipse will end at 7 11 p. m. and and the moon will leave the penumbra at 9 12. To all places east of Chicago the phases will occur later, according to solar time, and to those west earlier than the times given above, the difference being four seconds for each mile, in either direction. The phases will occur at exactly the same instant in all places where they are visible, though the time by the clock will be different in various portions of the country.

Six Cities in the Circuit.

A business meeting of Trotting Association horsemen was held yesterday at Pekin, at which Decatur was represented by Eli Brenneman and Geo A. Kellar A new racing circuit was formed to include six cities to embrace Decatur, Bloomington, Pekin, Danville, Kankakee and Springfield. The meeting was held at the Woodford House. The officers elected were D W Voorhies, of Danville, president, Eli Brenneman, of Decatur, vice-president, C M. Reed, of Bloomington, secretary, and Daniel Sapp, of Pekin, treasurer. The races will begin the third week in June, and Decatur will have her races during Fourth of July week The officers will attend to the details of arranging the schedule for the meeting. All of the cities named in this new Central Illinois Circuit will have mile tracks except Decatur, and possibly Decatur will get there before June with a mile ring

Sales of Real Estate.

J. F Helmick to Charles H. Mahoney, deed to lot 8, block 2, in Argents—$250

C M. Allison to D. N. Moore, deed to 73 feet off north side lot 10, block 1, John Williams' addition—$2000

J S Starr to I Eliza Snarr, deed to south half lot 12, in resurvey of part of block 3, Prather & Adamson's addition—$1425

John W McCormick et al, to Carl Browatzki, lot 5, in block 14, of Carver's addition to Decatur.—$800

K H Ruby to Andrew Heminger, ten feet in width off of the east side of lot 3 and lot 4, in E O Smith's resurvey of bolck 14, in the western addition to Decatur,—3,000

Chas J Bryan to John J Moore, lot 8, in block 7, of North addition to Decatur, —$2,400.

J. K Warren and B K. Durfee to Anna A Handy assignee of Andrew J Blomquist, lot 14, Warren & Co s 7th addition, $425

Sidney J. Philips to G G Ritchie, quit claim to 10 61 acres in 28, 17 3, $70

Ludwig Schureman to Catherine Priest, deed to lot 2, block 2, Cassell s 6th addition, $800

Anna E Hardy to E. W. Rinehart, lots 1 and 2, block 2, P & H Brueck s addition to Decatur, bond for deed

Breckenridge Irwin to Wm Carick, lot 18, block 1, Southeastern addition to Decatur, $1200

John A Hunt to L S Draper, a lot in village of Mt Zion, $1500

J J. Finn, master's deed, to J B Norris, 13 8 acres in 10, 18 2 east, also lot 7, of the south half of the northeast quarter, and lot 8, being the north half of the southeast quarter—all in 10, 18, 2 east, in Maroa township, $13,678 18

Samuel S Jack and Charles M Allison to B O McReynolds, deed to lot 15, block 3, Oakland Place—$300.

C M. Allison and S S Jack to Clarissa Herrett, deed to lot 5, block 1, Oakland Place—$450.

Henry Koons to E W Rinehart, deed to lot 5, block 2, A. E Rinney's addition —$600

Susannah Luttrell to Ed P Hughes, lot 2, block 2, Martin Forstmeyer's addition—$2,300

Caroline M Powers to Mary A. Skinner, lot 5, block 3, Powers' 2d addition—$275.

Jerome Anderson to S. B N Vaughn, lot 11, Miller & Packard s addition—$1,600

S S Jack and C M Allison to Russell G Young lots 3 and 4, block 1, Oakland Place—$950

Death of Camanche.

Camanche, the most celebrated horse in the United States cavalry service, died at Fort Riley, a few days ago He was 25 years of age and was the only living thing belonging to the United States service which escaped the battle of the Little Big Horn, where Gen Custer and his command were massacred He was one of the original mount of the 7th Cavalry when the regiment was organized in 1866, and has been in almost every battle with the Indians since After the battle of the Little Big Horn he was found covered with wounds some distance from the scene of the massacre. He was sent to Fort Riley, where for 14 years he has not been subject to a bridle and has been the special charge of the 7th cavalry His skin will be stuffed and mounted.

Chicago Grain Market.

The following were the closing quotations in Chicago at 1 15 p. m. to-day, received by B. Z Taylor, Secretary Decatur Grain Company

LIVE STOCK—Estimated receipts—
Hogs—35 000, 10 steady
Cattle—18,000, slow.
GRAIN—Car lots—
Wheat 495, Corn 335, Oats 405

	NOV.	DEC.	MAY
WHEAT	$ 95	$ 96¼	$1 03
CORN	.53¼	46¼	.43½
OATS	.31⅝	—	.32¾
	DEC.	JAN	
PORK	$ 8.45	$11.25	
LARD	6 17½	6 30	
RIBS	5.80	5 80	

By-Laws of the Memorial Hall Association.

The Memorial Hall Association has adopted by-laws for its government. These by-laws provide for a president, a vice president, two honorary vice presidents, a secretary and treasurer, an executive board of five members and a board of trustees of nine members. All these officers except the two honorary vice presidents are elected from the board of trustees. The commander in chief of the G. A R is by virtue of his office an ex-officio member of the board, and is required, by and with the advice of the executive committee, each year after the first to appoint four members of the board of trustees. The other five are to be elected by the members of the Association. The advisory board is made to consist of the commander in chief and the commanders of the several departments, of which the commander in chief is made president of the board, said board to meet annually at the seat of the national encampment. This board receives the annual reports of the trustees and audits the accounts of the officers of the Association, and files the same with the adjutant general.

Each contributor toward the erection and maintainence of the Memorial Hall is made an honorary member of the Association. The commander in chief and the department commanders are made ex-officio active members of the Association. These by-laws also provide that each honorary member who is personally present at any annual meeting of the Association shall have the right to vote.

A Special Agricultural Course.

The faculty of the University of Illinois at Champaign will announce that for the term commencing January 4, 1892, they have arranged a series of lectures extending up to March 23, as a special agricultural course for young farmers and those expecting to become farmers. It will embrace lectures on farm crops, farm animals and their diseases, vegetable physiology, insect enemies of farm crops, and agricultural chemistry. Any person of good average attainments can enter for this course, and the expense has been reduced to the minimum The course is planned to meet the wants of that large class of young farmers who want to avail themselves of the advantage of scientific instruction in their profession but cannot spare the time to take the regular college course

Racing Dates Fixed.

Speaking of the coming races in the new Central Illinois circuit the Bloomington *Bulletin* states on the authority of President Neville that the dates have been fully arranged Pekin will have the last week in June Decatur, Fourth of July week, Bloomington second week in July, Danville third and Kankakee fourth Springfield has not yet fully organized Each city will hang up $8,000 in cash purses For the Bloomington meeting a special purse of $2500 has been substantially arranged for the match, with Roy Wilkes, Telegram and Grant's Abdallah as starters The horses are all 2 12 or better, and their race at Terre Haute this year was never excelled

Dr Keeley Welcomed Home

Dr. Leslie E Keeley arrived at his home in Dwight on Saturday afternoon Two thousand people were at the depot and on West street to receive him. On West street over 700 students of the institute were in line, and when the doctor passed every hat was doffed At night a reception was tendered Dr. Keeley at the club house, no one but patients being admitted Speeches of welcome were made by prominent members of the club and responded to by the doctor

Last Week s Stock Receipts

Receipts of stock in Chicago last week amounted to 76,000 cattle, 209,800 hogs and 33,600 sheep Compared with the week before these figures show a decrease of 4,800 cattle, 5,060 hogs and 7,600 sheep. Compared with the corresponding week last year there is a decrease of 1,000 cattle, 5,000 hogs and 5,500 sheep Saturday there was no life in the cattle trade and prices for hogs declined 10c to 15c.

May Fight in Decatur

Ed Corey and Dick Keating are fixing up the papers for another fight to take place either at Fort Wayne or Decatur, Ill, in about six weeks Corey will go into training at once, and he will be backed by Tuck Cox, of Lafayette Tuck was Keating's best man in Corey's first fight with the gentlemen.—*Crawfordsville, Ind., Argus-News*

THE old postal card, which is so familiar, will soon be superseded by two cards of different size and design The smaller one of the cards will be on white card board, two and one-fifth by four and five-eighths inches in size A vignette of Gen Grant, as he appeared in his younger days, is printed on the card in a shade of blue The large card will be three quarters of an inch wider, and one inch longer than the present card

How to save money is a problem that interests everybody One way to do it is to invigorate the system with Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Being a highly concentrated blood medicine, it is the most powerful and economical. It is sold for a dollar, but worth five

THERE are 500 Knights of Pythias in Champaign county, and the order is still growing rapidly.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

THE new opera house at Mt. Carmel was formally opened to the public Saturday.

GREAT SALE

OF

KID GLOVES

This Week.

One lot 4-button Kid Gloves, small size, 25c a pair.

One lot 4-button first quality Lamb, 75c pair.

One lot 5-hook Foster's real kid, all colors, $1.00 a pair.

One lot 12-inch Suede Mousquetaire, Black, Tans and Gray, $1.00 a pair.

One lot Superior quality Bearitz, full 12-inch Gloves, $1.00. All the leading colors, Black, Tan, Brown, English Red and Gray.

Besides the above Special Bargains we carry a full stock of the celebrated "Jouvin" Kid Gloves for Ladies and Gents, made in the three lengths of fingers; the best cut glove in the world. Every pair warranted and fitted to the hand.

A full line of Gloves for marriages and evening wear, in Glace and Suede Kid

MEN'S MOCHA GLOVES,

MEN'S ENGLISH DRIVING GLOVES,

A FULL LINE OF DENT'S GLOVES FOR MEN

CORNER OF Water and William sts

Bradley Bros DRY GOODS & MILLINERY Decatur Ill.

DON'T SKIP THIS AS IT IS WORTH DOLLARS TO YOU BOYS.

$5.00 REWARD to the boy who has worn a pair of POWERS' $1.00 Solid Shoes the longest time.

The Lucky Boy will be paid $5.00 on Monday, November 16, 1891.

This contest will remain open all of this week.

All statements must be made in writing with one witness at least.

POWERS.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

WEEKLY REPUBLICAN.

ENTERED at the Postoffice at Decatur, Illinois as second class mail matter.

THE best definition of an independent in politics we have yet seen is: "A Democrat who is ashamed to be classed with the Democratic party."

WHILE Jerry Simpson was in Ohio trying to defeat John Sherman the Republicans carried his district in Kansas by 20,000.

CHAUNCEY M. DEPEW says that when he spoke in the recent campaign in New York he observed that whenever he touched on national issues he always got a warm response from his audience, and in his opinion had the Republicans made the campaign in that state on national issues the state would have been won by them.

THE fellow who attributes the Republican and Democratic losses in the state of New York, outside of New York city and Brooklyn, to the fact that J. Sloat Fassett "parts his name in the middle" and Roswell P. Flower has been snob enough to adopt a coat of arms *a la* English, is a conscienceless wretch, and ought to have the faucet turned on him until he was compelled to beg for the cost of arms to turn the water.

MRS. MCKINLEY the mother of Maj. McKinley met a friend a few days before the election and said: "Do you think William will be elected? I hope he will be elected for he was always a good boy and never does anything from any other motive than a desire to do right." The solicitude of a mother for the welfare of her boy, even after that boy has left the paternal roof, and has himself become the head of a family, is not only wonderful but sublime.

THE Prohibition party in Massachusetts has been annihilated by the last election, so far as running a ticket hereafter is concerned. The law in Massachusetts requires a party to cast at least three per cent of the total vote. This the Prohibition party failed to do, and therefore, in the eyes of the law, it is not a party, and cannot be so recognized on a ticket. It lost 5,000 votes in the state on Tuesday. They probably voted the Democratic ticket upon the advice of Helen Gougar, who was one of the stampers in the state in the interest of the Democratic party. If this theory be correct, Helen overdid the job.

THE Tuesday elections have fixed the line of battle for 1892. The Farmers' Alliance and other isms have been eliminated from the contest and the battle will be a square fight between the Democrats on the one hand and the Republicans on the other, and will be squarely contested on the line of protection and free trade, and free silver and honest money. There will be no middle ground. The Republican who is a free trade tariff man had better get into the Democratic party, where he belongs, and the Democrat who is a protectionist had better get into the Republican party, where he belongs. The quicker this is done the better for the honor of both these classes of partisans.

THE revolution which has just broken out in Brazil and proclaimed a dictator is another evidence of the truth of Mr. Blaine's theory that reciprocity with the South American states cannot be profitable so long as these states cannot be restrained from indulging in frequent wars with each other and more frequent revolutions. But the reciprocity clause of the McKinley bill is broader than that originally proposed and instead of being confined to the nations of the Western Hemisphere, to be interrupted by South American riots, it provides for reciprocity with any nation that has any non-competing product to trade with us by agreement or treaty.

ELSEWHERE will be found a statement of the Haddington factory and grounds near Philadelphia by a company of French capitalists for the purpose of starting a pearl button manufactory. What caused these men to look to America for a location? Eighteen months ago they would not have thought of such a thing. The revision of the duty on pearl buttons by the new tariff law did it. These people expect to employ 500 people in the works who must subsist on what our farmers and merchants have to sell them. That is a good thing for America, but bad for Europe. Herein lies the reason why Europe dislikes the McKinley law and why it has popularized itself with intelligent men in this country.

THE folly of catering to mushroom isms for the purpose of securing votes is well demonstrated again in the Iowa election. The Republicans there with the view of securing the so-called farmers' votes nominated Wheeler, a farmer, for Governor. The fact that he is a farmer was not against him, but it secured none of the votes for which the party baited. Every Democratic farmer in Iowa who had been howling for farmer candidates for the past year voted for Lawyer Boies instead of Farmer Wheeler. The chances are that in case the Iowa Republicans had nominated a man who could have gone before the people as a stamping campaigner, whether he was a farmer or lawyer, would have secured more votes.

GOV. CAMPBELL sent Major McKinley the following telegram:

I heartily congratulate you upon your election. I have no doubt that you will serve the people with fidelity and honor.
JAMES E. CAMPBELL.

The Contest In 1892.

With the result of the election of Tuesday in Ohio in his mind, a Southern Democratic Senator in Washington said: "If we permit the Republicans to go into the Presidential campaign with the tariff for an issue we shall be as badly beaten as we were at Malvern Hill and at Gettysburg."

This, it is reported, was said in private conversation and not for publication. It was an honest expression of the gentleman's views and wiill be accepted as about correct by all Republicans of sufficient information on the matter of tariff fights in this country in past years to sum them up.

The Morrill tariff, enacted in March, 1861, was the first protective tariff protectionists had the power to enact after the free trade tariff was enacted in 1846. It was the law of the land, with slight modifications, up to 1883, when there was a revision, which in many particulars proved unsatisfactory. In some cases the duties had been made too low and in some others higher than necessary; and in connection with this the changed conditions of some industries made it necessary to revise the act of 1883 in many particulars.

The first time the Republican party had power to make this revision was the Congress elected in 1888 on a promise that the revision should be made on the line of protection. The McKinley tariff law was the result. Its operations at the end of a single year have proven the wisdom of those who framed it. The people have become satisfied with it, and any attempt to change it for years to come will recoil upon the party that makes the attempt.

The Democratic party made the tariff an issue in 1880 and was badly defeated by that staunch protectionist, James A. Garfield, who said if there was no other way to protect American manufactures he would vote to pay a direct bounty to them to make up the difference in cost of production between this country and Europe.

In 1884 the Democrats won the election by accident and fraud and, as before stated, the Republicans in 1888 won on the promise of revision of the tariff or an adjustment of its inequalities on the line of protection. The necessity of such revision is shown by the results. The plush industry, the aluminized paper industry; some classes of woolen and cotton industries; some iron industries, especially that of cotton ties; the pearl button industry, and many others that had gone down under the act of 1883 have been revived and thousands and thousands of people given employment. In addition to this, new industries, among which the principal one is the tin plate industry, are rapidly springing into life.

These are the results of the new tariff. They are the results that the people see and feel; and the Southern United States Senator spoke wisely when he said that a fight against the present protective tariff means a Waterloo for Democracy. The Democracy will have the battle to meet, however, whether it so elects or not.

The London Globe and the Democrats.

The Decatur *Review* becomes real funny in its attempt to discredit the facts that the elections Tuesday show that the Republicans have recovered from the defeat of last fall.

The *Review's* free trade friends across the water, who have a financial interest in the results of elections in America that affect the tariff, are displaying no poultry over the result of Tuesday's election. The London *Globe*, speaking of the result of the elections in the States says:

"They prove beyond a doubt that there is a popular reaction in favor of the McKinley tariff. His triumph was the most striking feature of the elections. We should thus make a great mistake if we look too confidently for a Democratic triumph in 1892 and for the abandonment of the prohibitive duties."

The London *Globe* says what it thinks, the Decatur *Review* is whistling to keep up the courage of the Democracy. The facts remain the same.

THE Decatur *Review* seems to be concerned as to whether the Republican party will be able to find the necessary two men to make up a Republican National ticket. That paper may rest assured that the Republican party is noted for the fact that it advocates the same national principles in every section of the country and a party that does so must have plenty of material from which to select candidates. In this connection it might be well for the *Review* to ponder awhile over the ability of the Democratic party to get two men to head the Democratic National ticket. In Iowa and Ohio the Democrats favor the free and unlimited coinage of silver, while in New York and Massachusetts they declare against free coinage. Can the Democatic party select a candidate for President that will represent the four States named on the silver question? The Democrats of the South and West want free silver, while the Democrats of the East oppose it. Where is the man for President that can represent these elements? The same difference is manifest in that party's views on the tariff in different sections. Where is the man who can represent them both? It cannot be done save on the basis that those who do the voting will do it on the basis of either ignorance or innate prejudice.

The Best

French and American Corsets can always be found at Linn & Scruggs D. G. & C. Company. d&w

The Ohio Victory.

The editorial comment of the St. Louis *Globe-Democrat* on the result of the election in Ohio is so complete and logical that we print it in full and commend it to the careful study of the REPUBLICAN readers. It is significant, too, from the fact that the *Globe-Democrat* severely criticised the new tariff law for some time after its passage, but has become convinced that the measure is all that its most ardent friends claimed for it. The editorial is as follows:

The victory in Ohio is decisive and gratifying. That State was the strategetic point in the battle line, and each party strove with earnestness and persistence for its possession. No more exciting canvass in that Commonwealth of frequent and stubbornly contested canvasses has been known since the war than the one which has just closed. Something more than the political fortune of two able and popular men was at stake. A great question of national policy was at issue, and on the result, in a vital degree, the chances of Republican success in the nation depended. From the beginning both parties were fully impressed with the importance of the struggle, and each, in the endeavor to win, employed all the legitimate resources at its command. It was a square and manly contest throughout, and the result furnishes a fair indication of the temper and disposition of the people in a representative State on the leading question of national concern.

The Republican party will take no backward step on the tariff question in 1892. This fact is clearly and conclusively demonstrated by the triumph in Ohio. The McKinley law has justified the faith of its promoters and champions, has exposed the falsity of the prophecies made against it a year ago, and has confounded and disheartened its enemies. If the Democrats attack this law in the coming Congress they will do so at their peril. They cannot alter it in a single provision, and every attempt of the sort which they make will only add to the number of the champions who will rise up in its defense. In Ohio alone of all the States which voted on Tuesday the tariff was the sole issue. Local concerns of one sort or another distracted the attention of the voters in the other States, and detracted from the political significance of the result in them. Ohio in 1891 has turned back the current which was setting in over a large portion of the country in favor of free trade, as in 1875 it checked the movement in favor of an inflated and inconvertible currency, and as in 1863 it stamped out Copperheadism in the Northern States.

Porcelain Material in Illinois.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Nov. 4.—Several weeks ago Prof. Lindahl, State Geologist, procured a small sample of kaolin or porcelain clay near Anna, Union county, and sent it to Robert Almstrom, manager of the porcelain works at Rorstrand, near Stockholm, Sweden. To-day Prof. Lindahl received a letter from Mr. Almstrom accompanied by a dainty little white dish made from a mass of which Prof. Lindahl's sample formed 37 per cent. Mr. Almstrom proposes to make from Illinois clay a set of table-ware for exhibition at the World's Fair. Dr. Lindahl will send him the necessary quantity of kaolin and also of plastic clay. It will be demonstrated that there is in Illinois practically all of the raw material for making faience of a high grade. The kaolin is found only in the vicinity of Union county, but the plastic clay is found in large quantities near Danville, Galesburg, and in other parts of the State.

THE Decatur *Review* undertakes to read the Republicans a lecture on gerrymandering, wherein it says that inasmuch as New York has gone Democratic by 40,000 and the Legislature is close, it shows conclusively that the Republicans have made a fearful gerrymander of that state. The Prairie street organ forgets that out of 69 counties in New York, exclusive of New York and Kings county, under ordinary circumstances, there are but 12 that are Democratic. In such territory a gerrymander is simply impossible. The same is also true of Iowa, to which it refers.

THE political doctors may talk and speculate upon the question as to whom the credit of the McKinley tariff law, reciprocity and all is due, but every fair minded man will admit, that had it not been for Thomas B. Reed's courage and foresight by which the rules of the House were amended so that when quorums were present they should be counted, we would now have neither the McKinley law, reciprocity, nor the Ship Subsidy bill, all of which are measures in the interest of American business and American labor.

THE prodigal seems to be on the move toward home. In the fifth Michigan district, which was carried by the Democrats last fall by 2,220 plurality, an election was held Tuesday to fill a vacancy caused by the death of the Democrat elected last year. The result has been that O. E. Belknap, Republican, was elected by a plurality of 1,500 over his Democratic competitor. It seems by this that the tin plate liar does not command everlasting influence.

GEN. GREGG, who was elected Auditor General of the State of Pennsylvania on Tuesday, by a plurality little short of 70,000, was one of Sheridan's most effective calvary generals in the Army of the Potomac. It was he who stood for four hours like a wall and kept back the Confederate army after the battle of Cold Harbor while the rear of the Army of the Potomac crossed the James river at Harrison's landing, when Grant moved to invest Petersburg.

THE attack of the representatives of the Southern Farmers' Alliance upon the Union soldiers in Kansas opened the eyes of the Kansas people, and they kicked last Tuesday.

ENGLAND grieves almost as much as the Democracy does over McKinley's election. Each is hit hard.

Goes right to the spot

—one of Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. They do the right kind of work when they get there, too. No violence, no unpleasantness—but a mild and gentle cleansing and regulating of the whole system. Sick Headache, Bilious Headache, Dizziness, Constipation, Indigestion, Bilious Attacks, and all derangements of the liver, stomach and bowels, are promptly relieved and permanently cured. They're the best Liver Pill ever made. Purely vegetable, perfectly harmless, easiest to take, and always fresh and reliable. Gently aperient, or strongly cathartic, according to size of dose—one tiny "Pellet" for a dose. They're the smallest in size, but the most satisfactory in result.

They're the *cheapest* pill you can buy, because they're *guaranteed* to give satisfaction, or your money is returned.

You only pay for *the good* you get. Can you ask more?

"Pillsbury's Best Is The Best."

FLOUR

There is no dyspepsia in Pillsbury's Flour.

It always makes wholesome Bread.

HORACE CLARK & SONS, Genl. Agts.
PEORIA ILL.

ESTABLISHED 1852.

PEDDECORD, BURROWS & CO.

BANKERS.

WE TRANSACT A GENERAL

BANKING BUSINESS

Same as an incorporated bank. Buy and Sell Exchange, Receive Deposits, Discount Business Paper.

LOAN MONEY on MORTGAGE SECURITY

Make Mortgage Investments for Customers and furnish them

SAFETY DEPOSIT BOXES

under private key, in OUR FIRE AND BURGLAR-PROOF VAULT, free of Charge.
Jan17 1884-wtf

B. L. STERRETT
ATTORNEY AT LAW
OFFICE—Over the Post Office, Decatur, Ill.

PRIESTLEY'S

SILK WARP AND ALL WOOL

Black DRESS GOODS!

LINN & SCRUGGS

DRY GOODS & CARPET COMPANY

Beg to call the attention of the public that they are Sole Agents for this market for the celebrated brands of Priestley's Black goods, known throughout the world for their superiority and reliability, and are now showing complete lines of

Silk Warp Henriettas, Silk Warp Gloriosa
Brocaded Henriettas, Brocaded Armures,
Striped Henriettas, Whip Cords,
Real Indian Cloth, Camel's Hair Cloth,
Merino Coupure, Surah Twills,
Mohair Sicilian, Bordered Nun's Veiling,

ALSO A FULL LINE OF

COURTAULD'S BLACK CRAPE.

Everything New and Stylish that will be worn this Season in

LADIES' WRAPS

Will be found in our Cloak Department Muffloon, Astrakhan, Mink, Martin, Sealette, and Plushes. Also a grand variety of Plain Cloth Garments for Ladies and Children, including the New Cape Newmarket, which can be worn as two separate garments when desired.

LINN & SCRUGGS

Dry Goods and Carpet Company,

AGENTS FOR

The Celebrated "Centemeri" Kid Gloves,
The Golde[illegible] Black Silk,
The Hercules White Shirts and Butterick's Patterns.

Poland and China Pigs FOR SALE.

The undersigned, on the Spangler Farm, 1½ miles east of Decatur, have a fine lot of Thoroughbred POLAND AND CHINA PIGS, male and female, which they will sell at low prices if purchased soon.
Sept 17-wdm BISHOP & RACE.

ESTABLISHED 1860.

J. Millikin & Co.,

BANKERS,

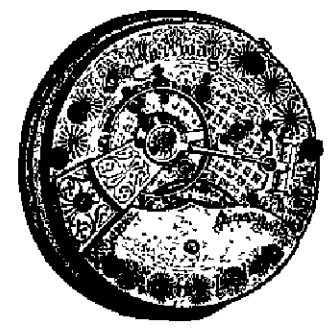
AND

Dealers in Exchange

Safety Deposit Boxes for the use of those wishing a secure place for their Bonds, Mortgages, Notes, Insurance Policies, etc.
Aug29 wtf

Dr. A. S. WALTZ.
—DENTIST—
OFFICE—Over "The Style" millinery store. East Main Street, Decatur, Ill.

A GREAT REDUCTION.



Since the cut in Watch Movements by the Elgin and Waltham Watch companies I am offering Watches at SPECIAL LOW PRICES. Now is the time to get one I have laid in a new supply, which is finer than any line in the city, and I am selling them WAY BELOW any of my competitors.

I invite you all to call and examine my stock.

E. J. HARPSTRITE,

THE JEWELER.

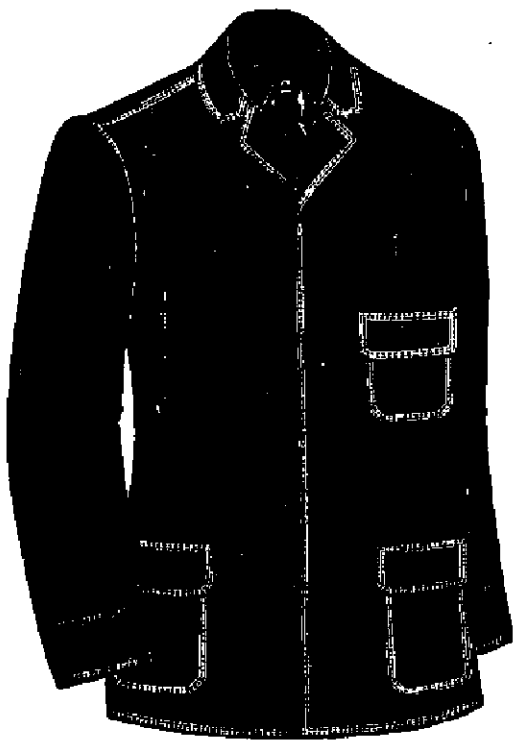
146 East Prairie Street, East of Post Office.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE® NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

+ WHY +

You Should Go to the

RACE CLOTHING MANUF'G CO.



BECAUSE

They Make their own Clothing and it will pay you handsomely to get direct from the manufacturers.

The above is a Sample of their

$2.00 DUCK COAT.

RACE CLOTHING M'F'G CO.,

129--135 North Water Street.

FROM NOW

Until Jan. 1, 1892,

WE WILL

RETAIL AT WHOLESALE PRICES.

This means a reduction of at least 25 per cent. on everything in Boots and Shoes. Why not take advantage of it and save a retailer's profit? We can't quote you prices now, but a visit to our store will convince you of the above statement.

FERRISS & LAPHAM

148 East Main Street, Decatur.

CLARK'S TRADE MILE-END MARK SPOOL COTTON

The Best Six-Cord Thread

For Hand and Machine Use.

—IN—

WHITE, BLACK AND COLORS.

—FOR SALE BY—

LINN & SCRUGGS

Dry Goods and Carpet Company.

THAT OVERCOAT.

Meloy Struck to Kill Every Time—The Rents.

From Saturday's Daily.

This forenoon the REPUBLICAN reporter had a look at the M. M. Potter overcoat worn by Buff Ogden Thursday night when he was in the fight with Bob Meloy and received the fatal stab in the side. The witnesses of the fight agree that both men were exchanging rapid blows. The coat bears four ugly cuts on the left side, showing that Meloy went at Ogden to kill him. On the shoulder there is a cut eight inches long extending down the arm. Below the elbow there is a cut through the lining and on the cuff there is a cut clear through the lining. The fatal stab was an under handed blow, the knife entering the side at the lower part of the upper left hand pocket of the coat. The cut is the width of the knife blade, showing that Meloy struck the last blow to kill, and the thrust accomplished its purpose. The coat was returned to Mr. Potter this morning.

NOT TRUE.

The Story that Charley Winebrenner Had Been Shot in Utah.

The other day a story was published in the Decatur papers to the effect that Charles Winebrenner, the sprinter, widely known as Charles Gibson, son of J. B Winebrenner, had been murdered at the finish of a foot race at Ogden, Utah. It was alleged that Charley had thrown the race, causing his his backer to lose a pot of money, and that in his rage the backer whipped out a revolver and shot the sprinter dead at the close of the contest.

Yesterday a sister of the sprinter paid the REPUBLICAN a call and submitted a letter written since the time of the alleged murder, showing that Charley is still alive and ready to make engagements. It was a cruel romance to publish but such mistakes will happen, and and the only way to correct an error is to correct it.

Equal Suffrage Work.

The Kewanee *Star* of November 3d gives a full report of the state meeting of the Illinois Equal Suffrage Association held in Kewanee last week. About seventy-five delegates and visitors were in attendance. The *Star* says: "The convention was largely composed of some of the most talented and best women of the state, representative wives and mothers. They were noble christian women united in a common cause, working for a noble purpose, working in the interest of that which is the foundation of good government, the home."

Mrs. Zerelda Wallace lectured Wednesday night to a large audience of intelligent, thoughtful people. The state president, Mrs. Mary E. Holmes, in introducing her said: "Mrs. Wallace is known far and wide as the mother of an illustrious son, but I want to introduce her as a champion of the cause of humanity." Mrs. Wallace's address was given to show that the Bible teaches the equality of men and women. her arguments were plain and convincing and received close attention.

The address of the president showed many encouraging features in the state work, especially in the south part of the state, where they are calling for lecturers and organizers, having herself appointed for one month.

The school suffrage law was discussed by Senator Castle and others. A letter was read from Lucy Stone, bearing the good will of the Massachusetts Suffrage Association, urging the women of Illinois to continue their work till they make sure of suffrage.

Reports from districts presidents and superintendents of press, literature and legislative work were listened to with interest and gratification.

The lecture of Rev. Florence Hollock on "Justice versus Calvary" was worthy of the speaker who is one of the finest lecturers and is thoroughly informed on the past and present position of women. The next morning Miss Hollock was excused to perform a marriage ceremony. Mrs. Elizabeth Boynton Harbert gave a helpful address on the "Rights and Duties of Citizenship." A resolution was adopted looking toward the publication of an ably edited paper called the *Illinois Suffragist*. The subject of organization was discussed with much profit. Friday evening was given to short speeches, showing the record of different political parties in their relation to equal suffrage. Pointed and spicy remarks were made by Senator Castle for the Republican party, Rev. J. H. Delano for the Prohibition, O. K. Ladd on behalf of the Democratic, and F. Z. Maggarell for the Labor party. Each one claimed that woman would receive the ballot from the party for which he was speaking.

Mrs. Holmes was re-elected president, Mrs. Harbert vice-president, Senator Castle chairman executive committee, Mrs. Catherine Waugh-McCullough, superintendent of legislative work. District presidents were appointed for nearly all the districts. Mrs. L. O. Shea, of Decatur, was reappointed president for the fourteenth district. Resolutions were adopted urging the legislature to cause all imbecile, idiotic and insane women to be removed from alms houses to state and county asylums under care of physicians of their own sex, and that women be placed on every medical staff created by the state.

Women were urged to study the constitution, both state and national, and to assume and protect their legal rights. X.

Merit Wins.

We desire to say to our citizens, that for years we have been selling Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Dr King's New Life Pills, Bucklen's Arnica Salve and Electric Bitters, and have never handled remedies that sell as well, or that have given such universal satisfaction. We do not hesitate to guarantee them every time, and we stand ready to refund the purchase price, if satisfactory results do not follow their use. These remedies have won their great popularity purely on their merits. For sale by King & Wood, druggists. am

"WHY isn't Pauline married?" asked the family friend. "She's surely old enough." "Yes," answered the loving mother, "but I'm too young just yet myself."

LOWELL carpets, bodies and ingrains the handsomest and best in the United States, received direct from the mills by Linn & Scruggs Dry Goods and Carpet Company.

YOUNG people in the country are not so slow. They often make love at a rattling gate.

ILLINOIS CITIES.

The Official Census Just Issued—Decatur's Gain.

The census office has just completed its final compilation of the population if Illinois by minor civil divisions. Of the 102 counties in the state thirty show slight decreases. The growth of population in Illinois is altogether in the cities and towns. The population of the state is 3,826,351, an increase of 743,480. All of this increase is accounted for, and more, by the growth of population in forty-seven cities and towns. Under the tenth census there were thirty-eight cities and towns having a population of 4,000 or more, with an aggregate population of 844,462. Under the present census there are forty-seven cities, towns and villages having a population of 4,000 or more, with an aggregate population of 1,604,493. Thus an increase is shown in the aggregate population in cities of this size of 760,481, or 90.06 per cent. Of these forty-seven places two only show decreases.

The largest increase numerically is found in Chicago, which has increased 596,665, or 118.58 per cent during the decade. Large increases are also found in Peoria, Rockford, Joliet, Elgin, Aurora, Decatur and Streator. The largest percentages of increase are found in Austin, Oak Park, Streator, Chicago, Elgin, Joliet Rockford and Decatur. Changes have been made in the official figures of Bloomington and Jacksonville, it having been discovered in the more recent critical examination of the returns that parts of enumeration districts should be included which had been wrongly returned, and consequently not included in the population of those places.

The population of the forty-seven cities, towns and villages having 4,000 or more inhabitants, in the order of their rank, is as follows:

Cities, towns and villages	Population 1890.	Population 1880	Per cent increase
Chicago	1,099,850	503,185	118 58
Peoria	41,024	29,209	40.21
Quincy	31,494	27,268	15 50
Springfield	24,963	19,743	26 44
Rockford	23,584	13,129	79 63
Joliet	23,064	11,657	99.57
Bloomington	20,484	17,180	19.23
Aurora	19,688	11,873	65.82
Elgin	17,823	5,787	102.83
Decatur	16,841	9,047	76 40
Belleville	15,361	10,683	43 79
Galesburg	15,264	11,437	33.46
East St. Louis	15,169	9,185	65 16
Rock Island	13,634	11,659	16 94
Jacksonville	12,935	10,927	18 38
Moline	12,000	7,890	53 85
Danville	11,491	7,733	48 60
Streator	11,414	5,157	121 33
Cairo	10,324	9,011	14 57
Alton	10,294	8,976	14 70
Freeport	10,190	8,516	19 65
Ottawa	9,985	7,834	27 40
La Salle	9,855	7,847	25 59
Kankakee	9,025	5,851	50 71
Mattoon	6,833	5,737	19 10
Lincoln	6,200	5,639	9.90
Pekin	6 347	5,998	5.91
Monmouth	5,936	5,000	18 72
Champaign	5,839	5,103	14.42
Sterling	5,824	5,087	14 49
Litchfield	5,811	4,326	34 33
Galena	5,435	6,451	*12.65
Canton	5 604	3,862	48.96
Peru	5,557	7,632	19 82
Dixon	5,161	3,653	41 09
Paris	5,077	3,009	68.73
Paris	4,996	4,373	14 26
Waukegan	4,915	4,012	22 51
Oak Park	4,771	1,880	152 70
Centralia	4,763	3,621	31 54
Braidwood	4,041	5,524	* 0 96
Kewanee	4,569	2,704	68 97
Beardstown	4,226	3,135	34 80
Charleston	4,135	2,807	44 83
Macomb	4,052	3,149	29 04
Duquoin	4,052	2,857	41 36
Austin	4,051	1,359	198 09

*Decrease.

MR. GROVER CLEVELAND may be described as "still harping on his grandmother" when he says: "Any man who still thinks that tariff reform is a settled and obsolete issue * * * is either willfully wrong or dangerously dull." Yet in Ohio, where the only distinct fight was made on the tariff issue this year, the "tariff reformer" is "in the soup" and the Napoleon of protection will succeed him as Governor. Mr. Cleveland may read a healthy lesson therein.

THE Ohio People's Party cast less than two votes to the precinct in the recent election. Jerry Simpson's mouth talked a great deal in Ohio, but the people of that state talked louder than Jerry.

Startling Facts.

The American people are rapidly becoming a race of nervous wrecks, and the following suggests the best remedy: Alphonso Hempfling, of Butler, Pa., swears that when his son was speechless from St. Vitus dance, Dr. Miles' great restorative Nervine cured him. Mrs. J. R. Miller, of Valparaiso, and J. D. Taylor, of Logansport, Ind., each gained 20 pounds from taking it. Mrs. H. A. Gardner, of Vistula, Ind., was cured of 40 to 50 convulsions a day, and much headache, dizziness, backache and nervous prostration by one bottle. Trial bottles and fine book of marvelous cures, free at W. C. Armstrong's, who recommends and guarantees this unequaled remedy.

TIMMINS—"Er—is Laura Figg a girl of any education?" Simmins—"I suppose so. Why?" Timmins—"G I caught her looking into a volume of my poems, you know, and she remarked that she was 'conning the fancies of my imaginary brain.'"

Sudden Deaths.

Heart disease is by far the most frequent cause of sudden death, which in three cases out of four is unsuspected. The symptoms are not generally understood. These are: a habit of lying on the right side, short breath, pain or distress in the side, back or shoulder, irregular pulse, asthma, weak and hungry spells, wind in stomach, swelling of ankles or dropsy, oppression, dry cough and smothering. Dr. Miles' illustrated book on heart disease free at W. C. Armstrong's who sell and guarrantee Dr. Miles' unequaled New Heart Cure, and his Restorative Nervine, which cures nervousness, headache, sleeplessness, effects of drinking, etc. It contains no opiates.

LOUIS LUCIEN BONAPARTE, son of Lucien Bonaparte, and a nephew of the first Napoleon, died in Rome Tuesday, aged 78 years.

DO NOT make a purchase of any wind mill until after you examine the Bird, at the Spencer & Lehman Co. feb26wtf

THE people of Hawaii, according to Dr. Mott Smith, of Honolulu, would like to be annexed to the United States.

THE CIRCUIT COURT.

No Agreement in the Walsh Abduction Case—Divorce Contest.

From Thursday's Daily.

NO VERDICT.

There is no prospect of a verdict in the Elmer E. Walsh abduction case. Last night the jury stood 8 for acquittal and 4 for conviction. This forenoon they stood 6 to 6, and that will probably be the sentiment of the jury until the Judge orders the discharge of the jury. In that case Walsh will have to remain in jail until the next term of court, or give bail for his appearance for another trial.

DISCHARGED.

The jury was brought into court at 10:30 a. m. and on the statement being made that the jurymen were unable to agree, they were discharged. The first ballot stood 7 for acquittal, 5 for conviction; second ballot, 8 for acquittal. Then the jury divided equally and no amount of talk could change the third ballot, which was 6 to 6.

DIVORCE CASE.

The Mary Hiser vs. Edward Hiser divorce and injunction case was called up for further consideration by Judge Vail in court this forenoon. It is a trial by court by agreement. The wife and mother has two children in court. Much of the evidence is unfit for publication, the plaintiff alleging that her husband called her ugly names, struck her, and denied the paternity of the children. Attorney A. G. Webber appears for the plaintiff and Attorney D. Hutchison and John McCoy for the defendant. Hiser has property and the wife wants a share of it. Sheriff Perl served as interpreter for the court in the examination of German witnesses who could not speak nor understand English. The sheriff found it hard work, but he pulled through the job with his customary grace.

CHANCERY DOCKET.

Alexander T. Mettlen vs et al vs. J. F. Tuttle et al; chancery. Rule on defendants to close testimony by December next.

From Friday's Daily.

To day the cases on the criminal docket were given attention with the following entries:

CASES STRICKEN WITH LEAVE TO RE-INSTATE

Charles Wilson, gaming.

Columbus Rankin, gaming.

Edward Coombs, gaming.

Grant Gouker, gaming.

Burrows Rankin, gaming.

James Shepherd, gaming.

Edward Pipor, gaming and gaming house.

Kate Blanche, keeping lewd house.

Frankie Brown, keeping lewd house.

Frederick Durfee, gaming and gaming house.

Leonard Gray and Frances Seits, adultery and fornication.

A. H. Robinson et al., disturbing the peace on Sunday.

Charles Bloominger et al., disturbing the peace on Sunday.

Edward Strope et al., disturbing the peace on Sunday.

Frank Smallwood and Charles Potter, conspiracy to murder.

In the gaming cases against Gerrold Seigmon and Hershel Pentecost nollies were entered.

SENTENCED.

The motion for a new trial for S. S. Powell, Martin May and Mike Kennah, for robbery, was overruled, and each defendant was sentenced to five years in the penitentiary on the verdict of the jury.

Young Cooper, who gave his brother whisky in court, was sentenced for 10 days in the county jail for contempt of court, service to begin to-day.

CHANCERY DOCKET.

A. T. Risley et al., ex parte; chancery; report of master approved and decree

Alexis Kilmel vs. Henry Kain et al, chancery; demurrer to bill sustained and bill dismissed.

Josephine E. Woods et al., ex parte; partition; report of master approved; decree; John A. Brown, O. B. Gorin and W. H. Starr appointed commissioners.

COMMON LAW DOCKET.

Minerva White vs. John and Albert Howland, appellant; appeal. Judgment for plaintiff for property and writ of possession awarded.

AFTER FORTY YEARS.—"My father had a fever sore on his leg for forty years; but has been permanently cured by Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment, after trying all other remedies in vain," says Mr. S. Whiterell, a gun of locksmith, at Fort Madison, Iowa. He further says: "The spot where the sore was, is now perfectly clean as any other part. He used three 25 cent boxes in all." ANOTHER!—Mr. D. A. Barr, Druggist, Blackburn, Mo., says: "I have personal knowledge of a case of chronic sore eyes of many years standing, having been cured by Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment. The party was Mr. Seth Moore, north of this place." Mr. Moore says the ointment was worth more than a thousand dollars to him. It cost him 25 cents. For sale by W. F. Neisler, druggist.

Cost of a Boy.

On the average a boy costs a parent about $200 a year until 20 years of age.

Miles' Nerve and Liver Pills.

Act on a new principle—regulating the liver, stomach and bowels *through the nerves*. A new discovery. Dr. Miles' Pills speedily cure biliousness, bad taste, torpid liver, piles, constipation. Unequaled for men, women, children. Smallest, mildest, surest. 30 doses, 25 cts. Samples free, at W. C. Armstrong's drug store. d&w

"I HEAR you fought a duel with Parker." "I did." "Weren't you afraid to stand up before a loaded pistol?" Not with Parker holding it. I'm insured in his company."

A farmer near Albia, Iowa, by the name of J. H. Wolf, has found a sure cure for croup. He says: "For the last eight years I have recommended Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for croup. Half of a fifty cent bottle will cure the worst case, if taken in time. On the 20th of this month, my boy, four years old, had the croup very bad and three doses cured him. I would not be without it in my family." If the remedy is given as soon as the child becomes hoarse, it will invariably prevent the croup. 50 cent bottles for sale by W. F. Neisler.

WILL MEET IN DECATUR.

The 1892 State Endeavor Convention—Come On.

From Saturday's Daily

Decatur sent a large delegation of Christian Endeavor workers to Peoria yesterday to attend the state convention of Illinois societies and invite the association to hold its next convention in Decatur. The invitation was accepted, and the date fixed for June 9, 1892. I. N. Martin, jr., president of the Decatur Union, delivered his address, as did also the other members of the Decatur societies on the special program. The state secretary and treasurer read the annual report, which showed among other facts that the state membership is 26,631, the number of societies 433, and number of denominations represented 21. Annual receipts $1045, and expenditures $1100.

The free-will offering, amounting to $1,000, was made by the various societies represented and by individuals.

The nominating committee reports the following officers for the ensuing year:

President—C. B. Holdredge, of Bloomington.

Vice President—Miss Ida M. Brooks, of Chicago.

Secretary and Treasurer—Joseph E. Callender Peoria.

Auditor—D. A. Strader, of Decatur.

Directors—A. T. Hemmingway, Oak Hill; F. B. Nesbit, Evanston; Miss Clara Walker, Peoria; H. L. Strain, Galesburg; Miss Florence Duffield, Chicago; M. S. Appleby, Jacksonville; C. F. Mills, Springfield; F. E. Bowman, Bloomington; Bering Burrows, Decatur; Charles Austin, Litchfield; H. A. Spooner, Chicago; La Rue Fredenburgh, Springfield; F. D. Rugg, Champaign; Anna Henkle, Decatur; John C. Wilden, Chicago.

DECATUR'S DELEGATES.

The Peoria *Transcript* publishes the following list of Decatur Endeavors as present at the convention yesterday:

Myra Hockaday, Philip Hammon, Lulu M. Jones, Maggie Lusk, Edna Patton, J. Record, Carrie Sheets, Ella Myers, Flora Battles, Mrs. G. W. Battles, Grace Pentwell, Mrs. W. F. Pentwell Helene Hieckish, Nellie Record, R. J. Oram, Maud Foster, Mrs. D. L. McGinnis, Miss Nicholson, Mary Muirhead, Eva Logan, Lillian Ivars, Mrs. H. M. Kernidler, Cora Downey, Leonette L. Johnson, Mrs. William Cooper, W. E. Mann, Louise Marie, Fred E. Mann, Ethel Dimock, Nellie C. Pritchett, I. N. Martin, Jr., Maude Barnes, Eunice Thomas, F. O. Biggs, Nita E. Clark, John W. Thomas, Mrs. R. J. Simpson, T. W. Cann, Ella B. Davis, Mamie B. Simon, Virginia N. Odor, Clara E. Beeme, Lissa Jones, Ada S. Pritchard, Ida J. Humphrey, Eva Humphrey, Mrs. Frank Roddy, Alice Tyler, Jessie Colclset, Hattie J. Brown, Minnie C. Davis, D. A. Strader, J. C. Ehrhart, Nellie E. Hubbard, Myrtle Reeme, Lillian Corman, Annabel Henkle, May B. Aiken, Frank R. Bean, Rev. C. T. Rogers, Kate I. Aiken, Maud L. Calhoun, Carrie M. Whitehurst, Irene H. Yuns, Mrs. R. W. Woodward, Mrs. F. C. Tyner, Albert Mann, S. T. Curtis, Mrs. H. B. Smith, C. W. Lowman, Isaac H. Pugh, J. W. Burrams, Leon Livingston, C. A. Dresback, Nettie Gay, Abbie A. Pratt, Mrs. E. M. Carter, Jessie L. Angell, Bertha Gray, Mrs. T. T. Van Allen, Mrs. C. M. Lytle, Carrie Clark, Mrs. Rakenbrod, Edith M. Lytle, Mrs. Howard, Mrs. A. V. Espy, C. E. Ellis, Sadie E. Heckel, Albert H. Jones, Mrs. D. Bishop, H. Baldridge, Mary L. Clark, Margaret Kelley, William F. Martin, I. J. Heckel, Mrs. W. F. Chambers, Maggie Sanders, Mary Lindsay, Emma Cichtenberger, George C. Outline, Maude Espy, A. G. Wilson, R. Z. Sweney, Saml. Clark, S. S. Wallace, Marie Sanders, W. E. Skinner, Mrs. Jennie Sanders, Ada E. Clark, E. H. Joffres, Mrs. E. H. Jeffrce, Lizzie Drobish, Hugh Bone, Will Schenck.

After a Divorce.

Mrs. Elizabeth Cross has filed a bill for a divorce in the office of Circuit Clerk McClellan, to the January term of court. On the ground of extreme and repeated cruelty the plaintiff asks to be divorced from her husband, Abel W. Cross, to whom she was married at Georgetown, Williamson county, Texas, on May 13, 1875. Because of trouble in the household with the daughter of her husband by his first wife and her seven children, Mrs. Cross left her husband on July 1st the same year of her marriage, and has had no communication with him since. Mrs. Cross is a resident of Decatur. Her solicitor is B. I. Sterrett. The defendant is supposed to be in Texas.

The Bankers.

There are nearly 700 bankers in the state, and nearly all have become members of the Illinois State Association of Bankers. Thomas S. Ridgeway, of Shawneetown, is president, and E. D. Keys, of Springfield, secretary and treasurer. The following is the executive council: J. A. King, Chicago; J. R. Walsh, Chicago; E. G. Keith, Chicago; G. B. Shaw, Chicago; Emery Cobb, Kankakee; T. W. Halliday, Cairo; D. M. Funk, Bloomington; H. H. Harris, Champaign; M. B. Castle, Sandwich; J. Millikin, Decatur; S. M. Warner, Centralia; S. H. Jones, Springfield; F. W. Tracy, Springfield; Henry Tubbs, Monmouth; Charles B. Cole, Chester.

Father and Son Die Together.

William Cox, aged 50, and his son William 23 years old, who lived near Wapella, Ill., started yesterday to sink deeper an old well. The son went to the bottom, and detecting a strong odor of gas started to ascend, climbing a rope. When ten feet from the bottom he became unconscious and fell into four feet of water. The father went into the well and started to ascend the rope, carrying his unconscious son. He had not ascended far when he also became unconscious from the effect of the gas and both fell to the bottom. They could not be rescued and both are dead.

Sales of Real Estate.

Charles F. Bachman to Mary A. Shorb, lot 18 in block 5 of Higgins' addition to Decatur—$500.

Thomas Davis to William Riley, quit claim to 160 acres in 21, 15, 2 east, $1.00

H. K. Midkiff, administrator estate of Geo. Weiss, to J. C. Lake, deed to lot 6, in sw ¼, nw ¼, of 28, 16, 2 east $8.

Ezra E. Tyler to John P. Ryder, deed to lots 18 and 19, Montgomery & Shall's 2d addition—$550.

Sarah E. Nicholson to Hiram Curl, deed to lot 11, block 15, town of Maroa—$350.

Sylvester R. Wilson to Wm. Thomas, deed to lots 3, 18, 19 and west half lot 20, all in block 1, Bell's 2d addition to Blue Mound, $1,000.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or your money refunded. Price, 25 cents per box. For sale by King & Wood, druggists. d&w

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TELEGRAPHIC NOTES.

—The general assembly Knights of Labor convened in Toledo, O., yesterday.

—The seventh murder in San Francisco, since the first of this month occurred yesterday.

—Stuart Robson, the actor, was married at the City hall, in New York, yesterday, to May Waldron, the actress.

—The San Francisco Steamship Co. has filed a petition in insolvency. Liabilities, $64,000; assets, $20,000.

—The cotton returns of the department of agriculture for November are not favorable for a high rate of yield.

—Minister Egan is using the navy department cipher for transmitting his dispatches to the state department.

—The property of the Texas Siftings Publishing Co. has been attached for allowing a note for $1,000 to go to protest.

—A Pernambuco dispatch says the province of Pernambuco has declared its independence, and Bahia is also expected to secede.

—W. J. Hancock, superintendent of the Atlantic division of Wells, Fargo & Co.'s express, died in New York early yesterday morning.

—Dr. Isaac L. Nicholson, fifth bishop of the diocese of Milwaukee, was formally enthroned at All Saints' cathedral, Milwaukee, yesterday.

—The stock of the clothing firm of Adler & Mitchell, in Newark, N. J., has been seized by the sheriff on judgments aggregating nearly $14,000.

—McLeod Stewart, ex-Mayor of Ottawa, Ont., made an assignment yesterday for the benefit of his creditors. His liabilities will amount to over $250,000.

—Frederick Mathushek, the inventor, whose piano improvements are in general use all over the world, died at his home in New York city Monday.

—The navy department has received a telegram announcing the arrival of the San Francisco at Acapulco, whence she will sail at once for San Francisco.

—The British ship Wamphrey, from Glasgow for San Francisco, was totally destroyed by fire at sea. All on board were saved and landed at Iquique.

—The large building at 629 Market street, Philadelphia, occupied by Lippincott, Johnson & Co., dealers in woolens and clothing, was destroyed by fire yesterday, causing a loss of $250,000.

—The town of Hayward, Wis., was badly damaged at 12:20 a. m., yesterday, by the explosion of a large amount of dynamite. One man was killed outright, and many persons were injured.

—Comptroller Lacy states that none of the Boston banks are affected by the failure of the Maverick bank, and that careful inquiry developed the fact that none of the state or internal banks will be embarrassed.

—The Rankin Clothing Manufacturing Co. of Nashville, Tenn., has made an assignment for the benefit of its creditors. Liabilities, $143,911.67; assets, $133,685.77. The principal creditors are in New York.

—The Pacific Athletic club directors have arranged a match between George Choynski, the noted heavy-weight of San Francisco, and Billy Woods, of Denver, for next month. A purse of $1,000 will be hung up for the men.

—Archbishop Croke, of Dublin, who is custodian of the fund for the relief of the sufferers from crop failures, announces that he has received the sum of £32,449 for this object, and that of this amount £21,230 came from New York.

—Dr. N. C. Palmer, charged with burglary of Christianson's store at Raymond Center, Wis., last August, was sentenced at Racine, yesterday, to one year in the state prison. After sentence was pronounced the doctor wept like a child, and there was scarcely a dry eye in the court room.

—Later dispatches state that in addition to the loss of nearly the entire crew of seventy-eight of the British convict-vessel Enterprise by the cyclone in the Bay of Bengal, Monday, nearly 150 other persons perished, and 250 others were injured. Great damage, also, was done to property of all kinds.

—Miss Rosa Lawless, sister of Lord Cloncurry, was found drowned in the lake on her brother's estate, at Cloncurry, county Kildare. There seems to be considerable mystery surrounding the matter, disappointment in love and ill health being mentioned as causes of suicide, while rumors of murder are not wanting.

—The Washington citizens executive committee on the national encampment of the G. A. R., to be held in Washington next year, has decided to recommend the second week of October as the date for holding the encampment, and this action will be laid for approval before Commander-in-Chief Palmer and the national council of administration at a meeting in that city to-day.

—During the fearful life-destroying cyclone on the Andaman (penal) islands in the Bay of Bengal, Monday, while the male convicts seemed cowed with terror, the women, as a rule, displayed the most remarkable courage, at the risk of their own saving many lives—so much so, that it is understood that the general governor of the penal station will recommend that a number of them be pardoned, and that the sentences of a large number of others be commuted to short terms of imprisonment.

A Careless Traveling Man Loses a Satchel of Diamonds.

DAYTON, O., Nov. 11.—R. E. Kramig, a traveling man in the employ of a Cincinnati jewelry firm, was yesterday the victim of one of the boldest robberies ever committed here. Shortly after noon Mr. Kramig placed his satchels in a Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton passenger train which leaves here at 12:35 and went to the depot restaurant for lunch. During his temporary absence an unknown thief seized one of the satchels containing diamonds and jewelry, valued at between $15,000 and $20,000, and made his escape.

FORT WAYNE *Gazette:* Gen. Palmer, commander in chief of the G. A. R., has issued an order in which he requests members of the Grand Army to restrain from participating in parades in which the rebel flag or rebel emblems are displayed. The reason for the order is the action of the brigadier at a meeting in the South a short time since in displaying the rebel flag in the parade in which the veterans participated. We believe the action of Gen. Palmer is justifiable. We have but one flag in this country. The stars and stripes, the protection of which has cost millions of lives and money, is a banner good enough for any patriotic citizen. The rebel flag was long ago shot to pieces and has no place in the United States. We have no sympathy for the rebel flag or the "lost cause," and no valid reason can be urged why treason should be revived. Let the rebel flag and the "lost cause" sink into the oblivion to which they properly belong.

A DAKOTA paper tells the latest corn story. It says a farmer raised 1,000 bushels of popcorn and stored it in a barn. The barn caught fire, the corn began to pop and filled a ten-acre field. An old mare in a neighboring pasture had defective eyesight, saw the corn, thought it was snow, and laid down and froze to death.

The Democrats and Free Coinage.

And now the Democratic leaders are trying to hedge on free coinage. A year ago they were doing all they could to have a free silver coinage bill enacted. Illinois and nearly every Democratic State convention in the West endorsed free coinage, and Democratic candidates for Congress advocated it. Now how silent they have become. The Democratic party was ready to sacrifice the best interests of the country for a *few* votes, but now that that party regards it more politic to abandon free coinage they proceed to abandon it. But history stands against the Democratic party. The New York *Press* tells the story aptly in the following:

Mr. Cleveland, in his carefully prepared interview in all the newspapers the day after election, declared that the people "cannot be deluded as to the importance of sound money." Mr. Cleveland referred, of course, to free silver. The declaration was characteristic and meaningless, if not misleading. Not only are many million people deluded as to the importance of sound currency, but Democratic Congressmen and stump speakers are the ones who delude them.

In the House of Representatives on June 5, 1890, when Mr. Bland moved to instruct the Coinage Committee to report a bill providing for free silver coinage, the number of Democratic Representatives who voted "Yes" was 101, and the number who voted "No" was 13. In the Senate the Democratic vote for free silver stood 28 for; 3 against.

If the Republicans in the last Congress had not stood in the way we should before now have had a free coinage act in actual operation. Have inconsiderate persons afflicted with the craze calculated what the result would be?

The people of the United States bought last year of foreign stuffs $844,905,491. Under free coinage we should pay this $844,905,491 of gold value, (the only standard the world over) with our depreciated silver dollars. It would add 20 per cent, to the cost. We should pay every foreign bill in gold dollars worth 100 cents and be paid in silver dollars worth 76 to 80 cents. Labor would be paid in silver and would have to pay in gold, for everything from a house to a horseshoe would be valued by the inflexible, unchangeable gold standard, not by the constantly changing, speculative silver value.

Are farmers, mechanics and tradesmen ready to try the cheap money lunacy? Is the party which espouses such a heresy worthy of trust? This will be one of the two great issues in the next Congress and in the Presidential campaign.

Honored.

Julius T. Westermann, a graduate of the Decatur High School, son of Mr. and Mrs. L. Westermann, of Lincoln, Neb., and brother of Mr. Charles Shroll, this city, now holds the important trust of cashier of the freight department of the Northern Pacific Railway Company at Seattle, Wash. He was called to Tacoma last week to attend the reception tendered Mr. Henry Villard, given by Paul Schultze in honor of the Eastern millionaire. The Seattle *Telegraph* says: "The two gentlemen [Mr. W. and Mr. V.] are related and this is said to be their first meeting. Mr. Westermann stands high in the estimation of his company, and is much esteemed by his fellow employes."

IT looks as if a new hotel is to be built at Spring Lake, the well-known hunting and fishing resort, and the J. S. E. road is at the back of it. Plans and specifications for a new $5,000 hotel are being figured on that will be located at Marshall's Landing. This will make a fine summer resort with all the accommodations for the hunters and lovers of good fishing.

PUDDING SETS—3 Pieces, also extra linings, *in Fine China*; Golden Rod and 25 other decorations, at prices you never heard of before. You will want one Thanksgiving Day.

OTTO E. CURTIS & BRO.

ARION trotted a mile at Stockton, Cal., in 2:10¾, and is now the fastest two-year-old in the world. Palo Alto trotted a mile in 2:09¾, only half a second behind the world's record held by Allerton.

THE State Board of Examiners of Mine Managers met at Springfield yesterday and prepared questions for the examination to be held next week at Cerro Gordo.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

THE city council of Roodhouse has passed an ordinance requiring the signature of two-thirds of the property-holders before license will be granted to open a saloon in any given block.

EDWIN BOOTH.

Edwin Booth, the great actor, is contemplating retiring from the American stage. Of late years he has grown solitary. In fact it is said that he has played Hamlet so long, that he has become so imbued with the philosophy of the melancholy Dane, that it has tinged his whole life. If Mr. Booth would take Reid's German Cough and Kidney Cure he would find that it would greatly relieve him, clear away the mists from his brain, stimulate his throat, aid his digestion, and make a new man of him. For all maladies that arise from a cold this great German Remedy has no equal. It is peculiarly applicable for the throat troubles that afflict actors. It will relieve the worst cold at once, and cure it in a day. It contains no opiate or other poison and can be given to the weakest infant without danger, and at the same time it is prompt, efficacious and certain. For sale by all druggists.

SYLVAN REMEDY Co.,
Peoria, Ill.

A DIVORCE FOR MRS. HISER.

Cases in the Circuit Court—Injunction Allowed in the Macon Case.

Judge Vail opened court this morning and proceeded to give his decision in the divorce and injunction case of Mary Hiser vs. Edward Hiser, which was on trial several days last week. The Judge reviewed the main points of the evidence which he pronounced conflicting. He intimated that the complainant was in the wrong in several instances, judging from the testimony offered, and said that the husband had brought in neighbors and friends to show that he was not as bad as painted by the complainant. On general principles Mrs. Hiser was granted a divorce, and as to the money in the bank it was the conclusion of the Judge that it belonged to the father of the defendant. The order was a divorce, each side to pay individual costs, no fee allowed for solicitor, and defendant to pay $100 a year to Mrs. Hiser for support of the two children who will remain in her custody for the present.

INJUNCTION ALLOWED.

Stephen G. Washburn and Robert Patterson vs. City of Macon et al; injunction. Cause heard on bill; answer and replication; proofs, exhibits, &c., and injunction allowed. Bond in sum of $500, with R. H. Woodcock as security. Appeal prayed and allowed; bond in sum of $200, to be approved by clerk, by agreement, bond in 20 days; certificate of evidence in 30 days. This is a case to check the Macon city council in its plans to put up water works building on ground alleged to belong to the Illinois Central Railroad company.

CHANCERY DOCKET.

Tim Conover et al ex parte, chancery. Report of master approved. Decree.

Sarah R. Swartz vs. Sidney J. Phelps et al; injunction. Motion to dissolve injunction overruled, save as to curbing.

Clara E. McKee vs. Louis Colby; trespass. Verdict for $500. Motion for new trial. Argument heard and motion overruled. Judgment for $500 on the verdict. Appeal prayed and allowed.

A RECESS.

Court then adjourned until 1:30 p. m., Monday, Dec. 7th.

HARRIS SENT UP FOR A YEAR.

Charles E. Harris, the young vocalist from New York, who was here with "The County Fair" company, and made a bad break the last night when he persuaded Lulu Cavanaugh, a Decatur girl of 15, to spend the night with him at a hotel, stood up in court this forenoon and pleaded guilty to the indictment for abduction. An effort had been made to settle the case by marriage, but the father of the girl was obdurate. He would not give his consent, although it is said Lulu was willing to wed Harris. The mother of the prisoner was in court when sentence was pronounced. Judge Vail said he had looked into the case, and he had come to the conclusion to make the sentence as light as the statutes would allow. He would make it lighter if he could. Harris was then sentenced to one year in the penitentiary. Mother and son wept freely as they took their seats. Harris will go to Joliet to serve 10 months and Mrs. Harris will return to her husband and children in New York City.

A Car Wheel with a Cushion.

One of the latest inventions to attract the attention and approval of railroad men is the cushion car wheel, which is said to possess many advantages in the way of simplicity, safety and economy, while at the same time it is almost noiseless. This wheel is composed of two parts, the centre and the tire, while between the two is a thick rubber band which acts as a cushion to absorb all the vibrations.

By a peculiar construction the tire is made so that it may be removed without taking the wheel from the axle; and the rubber is so interposed between the centre and the tire as not to be liable to injury from a hot box or from the corrosive action of the lubricants. It appears from a test made with these wheels that, after a service of more than 20,000 miles, the rubber exhibited no appearance of deterioration, while the tire showed a wear of but a thirty-second part of an inch, which is remarked as being less than one-half of the usual wear for such a distance.

Death of a Valuable Dog.

Elcho, Jr., the champion Irish setter of America and the only known dog that has never been defeated, died yesterday at Harry Goodwin's kennel in Audubon Park, Chicago.

IN the treasury department in Washington the other day the question arose as to the weight of a dollar bill. Scales of perfect accuracy were brought into requisition, and the surprising discovery was made that twenty-seven $1 notes weighed exactly as much as a $20 gold piece. The latter just balances 540 grains. However, the bills weighed were perfectly crisp and new. Trial made with soiled notes, such as come in every day for redemption, showed that twenty-seven of them weighed considerably more than the $20 coin. Every paper dollar on its way through the world continually accumulates dirt, perspiration and grease, so that after a year of use it is perceptibly heavier.

YOU BUY FINE CHINA

Of us for less than you have been paying for "crazable" American porcelains. We cover four floors and have a beautiful chance to do a large business with a small expense account.

OTTO E. CURTIS & BRO.

THE Illinois Central Railway Company reports the gross receipts from traffic for the month of October, 1891, (estimated) $1,809,537; mileage 2,884. For the same month last year the receipts were $1,754,083, and the mileage 2,875.

MATERIAL FOR HIGHWAYS.

The Kaolin Deposits in Southern Illinois—The Remedy for Bad Roads.

The discovery of the large beds of Kaolin in southern Illinois is attracting a great deal of attention, and a proposition has been made which is regarded with much favor. As is well known, the question of a material for roads is one that has long been carefully and anxiously considered, and the problem of a cheap and good material still remains unsolved. Investigations that have been made indicate that in the new clay beds the long-sought road material was to be found. Several railroads have been using burnt clay as a substitute for rock ballasting. The clay could be procured without much cost and the expense of burning it would be slight. The material is impervious to rain and almost solid. The railroads prefer it, it is said, because no weeds grow in it and it absorbs the water readily, keeps the track dry and solid, and the dust arising from it is not sufficient to be annoying. The experiment is worth trying, for central and southern Illinois roads are "hard roads to travel" the greater portion of the time during the winter season, and all country markets and city grain and stock markets suffer in consequence.

The T. H. & P.

C. W. Fairbanks, President of the Terre Haute & Peoria road, is inclined to be boastful over the outlook for this company. This is the old Illinois Midland, which for years floundered in the financial mire, and was taken hold of and purchased by Mr. Fairbanks and his friends at a very reasonable sum. They at once commenced placing the road bed in a better physical condition and equipping the line properly, and as a result, under the general management of I. H. Burgoon, its business has reached a volume far beyond the early expectations of the syndicate which purchased the road. The prospects for business on the line for months to come could not well be more favorable. The road is operated largely in the interest of the Vandalia, which rightfully should own it. The only drawback to making it an important line is short breaks at two places on the line, which the present owners expect soon to build, which will make it a complete road from its connection with the Vandalia to Peoria, 168 miles, without leasing from other roads. General Manager Burgoon states that the grain crops on the line were large and well harvested and will soon begin to move briskly. The shipments of produce, lumber and other classes of freight are steadily increasing in volume.

Where Do the Crazy Folks Belong?

State's Attorney Carl Epler of Adams county was in Springfield yesterday to consult Secretary Wines of the state board of charities and Attorney-General Hunt in reference to an injustice which it is claimed is done to Adams county by the commitment to the Jacksonville hospital of insane patients from the soldiers' home at Quincy, they being credited to the quota of Adams county, which is thus filled up and many of the county patients denied admission under the rules governing the institution. The number of insane at the soldiers' home is considerable and the difficulty arises concerning their being counted in the quotas of the counties from which they were admitted to the home from the fact that many of them have declared themselves citizens of Adams county and have voted at elections held there. Attorney-General Hunt gives it as his opinion unofficially that in cases where no intention of change of residence has been declared or where it can be shown that a patient was insane at the time of his admission to the home he should be sent back to the county whence he came to be committed to the insane hospital as a citizen of that county

Do you suffer with chilblains?—I certify to the prompt relief obtained from the use of Salvation Oil for chilblains, and do not hesitate to recommend it as the best cure I ever tried. H. HOOD,
739 West Pratt st., Baltimore, Md.

"What fine chisel could ever yet cut breath!" and yet a hard vexing cough is cut all to bits with one bottle of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup, the favorite.

ABOUT the only force some people have is the force of habit.

GET THE BEST.

If you want Dr. John Bull's Sarsaparilla, demand it and take no other. It contains ingredients that are not found in any other sarsaparilla. Each ingredient used in

Dr. JOHN BULL'S

Sarsaparilla is chosen for its beneficent effect upon the human system. Combined, they exert a harmonizing influence upon every function of the body, improving digestion, strengthening the liver and kidneys, cleansing the blood of poisonous matter, soothing the nervous system, enlivening the mental faculties, and in a word, by infusing new strength and life, completely rejuvenates every part and makes one feel like a new person. No other

SARSAPARILLA

has so good an effect. Elmer Hodson, Alvarado, Tex., writes: "My strength and health had been failing me for several years. My blood was in a very impoverished condition and very impure. My limbs felt lame, rickety and rheumatic, and I could not walk without tottering. I felt myself growing prematurely old, and my face began to look pinched and shriveled. I suffered considerable, was restless at night, very nervous, and growing very melancholy. My eyes were sore and I had catarrh. I tried many tonics, and bitters and blood purifiers, but failed to get better. I finally asked a physician which

IS THE BEST

Sarsaparilla, and he replied Dr. John Bull's. I bought six bottles, and before I had used it all I felt like another man. My strength and health improved, pimples and sores disappeared from my person, aches and stiff joints left me, and I now consider myself a well person."

Use **Smith's Tonic Syrup,** a safe and sure cure for **Chills and Fever.**

Dr. John Bull's Worm Destroyers taste good and quickly remove worms from children or grown people, restoring the weak and puny to robust health. Try them. No other worm medicine so safe and sure. Price 25 cents at drug stores, or sent by mail. John D. Park & Sons Co., 175 and 177 Sycamore st., Cincinnati, O., wholesale agents.

KING & WOOD, Agents.

RHEUMATISM

neuralgia,
and sciatica
can always be
successfully treated
with

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

A cure
is sure to follow
the persistent
use of this
medicine.

Has Cured Others
will cure you.

A Kernel of Corn

A kernel of corn laid up on a beam in the barn will not grow. It will become covered with dirt, will wither away and the germ will die. A kernel of corn planted will grow and produce an ear. The kernels on the ear, if they in turn are planted, will produce a pile of ears. The pile of ears will contain thousands of kernels. This will be the result of the forethought in planting the first kernel. It is just so with accumulating money. Thirteen cents a day invested in the EQUITABLE BUILDING AND LOAN SOCIETY OF PEORIA will grow in ten years to One Thousand Dollars. This re-invested in prepaid stock will grow in 5 years and 4 months to $1800. This again re-invested will grow in 5 years and 4 months longer to $3,300. Total original investment, $490.

Investigation and Correspondence Solicited.

● A. DERWOOD SMITH, Gen'l Agent. ●
DECATUR, ILL.

Sept25-wtf

MONEY to loan in large and small amounts. Loans made on live stock, farm implements, or household goods. All classes of loans negotiated on short notice. Loans on farms and city business property at 6 per cent interest. Apply to A. T. SUMMERS, over Boston Store. july16d&wtf

FOR SALE—First class rails at $4 per 100; fence posts at 10c each.
oc8wtf D. W. BRENNEMAN & BRO.

FARMERS' COLUMN.

FOR RENT—Farm of half-section, five miles southeast of Decatur, for cash rent to responsible party, by owner, ROBERT CAREY, 319 South Broadway. 12-wtf

PUBLIC SALE.—I will offer for sale at my residence, 1½ miles northwest of Argenta, on Saturday, November 21st, 1891, the following described property: Ten head of horses, consisting of 3 work mares, 1 three-year-old filly, 2 yearling colts and 4 spring colts; 1 steer calf; 18 head of hogs, 1 riding plow and other articles. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock a. m. Terms—A credit of 12 months will be given on all sums of $5 and over, purchaser giving note with approved security; under $5 cash; 7 per cent discount for cash. Wm. Wilson, auctioneer.
nov12-w1 J. W. HANKS.

FOR SALE—The Evergreen Stock Farm, 1½ miles southeast of Macon, consisting of 480 acres of splendidly improved land. A splendid house of 11 rooms in perfect repair and good summer kitchen of two rooms, good cellar under whole house, well, cistern, fine lawn with all kinds of shrubbery and evergreens, good orchard, scale house, implement house, two large double cribs with driveways between, poultry house, cow house, double barn, 40x120 feet, east half will stable 30 head of horses, west half fixed to feed 60 head of cattle, hay mow for 150 tons of hay, cattle lot paved with 2-inch oak plank and water tank in lot, 2 wind mills, 2 good tenant houses. This farm is all well-tiled and fenced, and there is no better improved farm in south Macon county, and we will sell it on terms to suit at 6 per cent on deferred payments. The farm can be rented for five years for $6 per acre. If you want it, come and see or address O. T. KIRK & CO., Blue Mound, Ill. nov9-d&w2w

POSTPONED PUBLIC SALE.

Having sold the farm, I will sell on the premises, 3½ miles north of Oakley and 4 miles east of Oreana, on

MONDAY, NOV. 23,

The following described property:

HORSES—One 5 year old Regalia filly, very fine, two 5 year old half blood Percheron mares, six 3 year old half and three-fourths blood Percheron fillies, one 9 year old Stoner Boy mare in foal to a Kentucky saddle horse, one 10 year old mare, one 8 year old horse, two 2 year old geldings, one 2 year old filly, two yearling geldings, one yearling filly, one imported Percheron stallion, 11 years old, a good, sure breeder.

CATTLE—3 cows, all giving milk, 3 yearling heifers, 1 Holstein-Jersey bull.

HOGS—about 65 head of hogs, all good feeders. 30 acres of stalks and 20 acres of pasture adjoining. Living water in the field. Three dozen full-blood Light Brahma hens and about one dozen roosters.

FARMING IMPLEMENTS—1 twine-binder, 1 mower, 1 horse-rake, 2 hay-carriers with ropes, pulleys, forks, &c., 1 riding plow, 2 walking plows, 2 harrows, 2 cultivators, 1 rake, 1 corn-planter, 1 spring tooth harrow, 1 Smalley cutting box, 1 grinder, 2 wagons, 2 spring wagons, 3 sets of harness, 2 saddles and many other articles. Household and kitchen furniture, carpets, chairs, tables, heating stove and cook stove.

TERMS OF SALE—A credit of 15 months will be given on all sums over $10.00, purchaser giving note with approved security. A discount of 7 per cent from the face of the amount will be given for cash. All sums of $10.00 and under, cash in hand without discount. Notes not paid within ten days after maturity, 7 per cent will be charged from date of giving the note until paid.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock a. m. Lunch at noon.

J. T. WARD, Auctioneer.
nov12-w2 SHERIDAN W. JOHNS.

FOR SALE CHEAP, if sold soon—23 high bred Poland China males, weigh 200 to 300 lbs., and the best of breeding, at prices that will sell; till Dec 1. Will castrate all not sold by Dec. 1. Do not miss this chance to get a good hog for little money. HENKLE & RISER.
12wtw Forsyth, Ill.

Dehorning Cattle.

The undersigned are prepared to dehorn cattle, either by sawing or nipping, and furnish stall to confine cattle while being dehorned. Satisfaction guaranteed. Price, 10 cents per head. MAHONEY & HENDRICKS,
oct22-w4w* Argenta, Ill.

JUST IN.

500 PAIRS

Laird, Schoer & Mitchell's

ELEGANT

HAND-MADE SHOES,

For Ladies, Misses and Children.

THEY HAVE

NO EQUAL.

$5 $5 $5 $5

Will buy you a pair of

HANAN'S

Hand-Made French Calf Shoes for Gentlemen for

$3.00.

WE GIVE YOU THE BEST HAND-MADE SHOE EVER OFFERED IN DECATUR.

90 CENTS

—BUYS A BOYS' ALL SOLID SHOE.—

WAGGONER & DOWNING,

Post Office Shoe Store.

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